THE ST. MARY'S COUNTY SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE



ADOPTED AUGUST 31, 2010 EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 14, 2010 (AMENDED DECEMBER 18, 2012) [THIS PAGE BLANK]

GENERAL TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS		
CHAPTER 10 CHAPTER 11	TITLE, PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION	
ARTICLE 2.	ADMINISTRATION	20-1
CHAPTER 20 CHAPTER 21 CHAPTER 22 CHAPTER 23 CHAPTER 24 CHAPTER 25	AUTHORITY OF REVIEWING/DECISION MAKING BODIES AND OFFICIALS	21-1 22-1 23-1 24-1
ARTICLE 3.	SUBDIVISION STANDARDS AND APPROVALS	30-1
CHAPTER 30 CHAPTER 31	GENERAL SUBDIVISION PLATTING OPEN SPACE RESERVATION, DEDICATION AND FEES IN LIEU	
ARTICLE 4.	ENFORCEMENT	40-1
CHAPTER 40	ENFORCEMENT	40-1
ARTICLE 5.	DEFINITIONS	50-1
CHAPTER 50	DEFINITIONS	50-1

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 10 TITLE, PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION

3 Sections:

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- 10.1 Title. 4
- 5 10.2 Authority.
- 6 10.3 Purpose.
- 10.4 7 Organization of the Subdivision Ordinance.
- 8 10.5 Applicability.
- 9 10.6 Minimum Standards.
- 10 10.7 Approval of Subdivision Plat.
- 10.1. Title. 11
- 12 This document shall be known as the "St. Mary's County Subdivision Ordinance" and may also
- 13 be referred to as "the Subdivision Ordinance", or "this Ordinance".
- 14 10.2. Authority.
- 15 Pursuant to the authority and provisions of Title 5, Article 66B of the Maryland Annotated Code,
- the following regulations governing the subdivision of land within the unincorporated areas of St. 16
- Mary's County, Maryland are hereby established. 17
- 10.3. 18 Purpose.
- 19 This Subdivision Ordinance is intended:
- 20 1. To guide, regulate and control the division, portioning and conveyance of land within the 21 unincorporated area of St. Mary's County in a manner consistent with the St. Mary's 22 County Comprehensive Plan, Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance and Article 66B of the
- Maryland Annotated Code. 23
- 2. 24 Land shall be suitable for the purpose for which it is subdivided and adequate and effective public facilities shall be available, as determined by the Planning Commission. 25
- In addition, the public improvements shall conform to and be compatible with all other 26 27 County laws, regulations, plans, programs and standards.
- 28 3. To protect and provide for the public health, safety, and general welfare and to prevent 29 overcrowding of land and undue congestion of population.
- To encourage the orderly and beneficial development of all parts of the County. 30 4.
- 31 5. To protect and conserve the value of land throughout the County and the value of
- 32 buildings and improvements upon the land, by minimizing conflicts among the uses of 33 land and buildings.
- 34 6. To guide public and private policy and action in order to provide adequate, effective and efficient public facilities and services. 35
- 7. 36 To provide the most beneficial relationship between the uses of land and buildings and
- the circulation of traffic throughout the County, having particular regard to the avoidance 37 38 of congestion in the streets and highways, and the pedestrian traffic movements
- appropriate to the various uses of land and buildings, and to provide for proper location 39 40 and width of streets and building lines.
- 41 8. To establish reasonable standards of design and procedures for subdivisions and
- resubdivisions, in order to further the orderly layout and use of land; and to insure proper 42

legal descriptions and recording of subdivided land. 43

- To prevent the pollution of air, surface waters; to assure the adequacy of drainage facilities; to safeguard the water table; and to encourage the wise use and management of natural resources throughout the County in order to preserve the integrity, stability, and beauty of the County and the value of the land.
- To preserve for open space through the most efficient and effective design and layout of the land, including the use of average density in providing for minimum width and area of lots, while preserving the density of land as established by the County Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.

9 10.4. Organization of the Subdivision Ordinance.

- This Ordinance consists of five (5) articles. Without superseding the specific regulations set forth in each article, the general structure and content of the articles are as follows:
- 12 1. *Article 1: General Provisions.* The overall organization and applicability of the 13 regulations are included in this article. General rules are provided for interpretation, 14 conflicts with other laws and regulations, relation to deed restrictions and prior 15 regulations, construction of language, and severability.
- Article 2: Administration. This article outlines detailed procedures for the administration of this Ordinance, including responsibilities of decision-making bodies, common procedures that apply to all development applications, notice and public hearing procedures, and requirements for (a) administrative decisions; (b) appeals of administrative decisions; (c) vested rights and authority to continue nonconforming projects; and (d) amendments to the Ordinance.
- 22 3. *Article 3: Subdivision Standards and Approvals.* This article establishes standards and procedures for review of subdivisions and plats..
- 24 4. *Article 4: Enforcement.* This article provides for the prosecution of violations of this Ordinance.
- 26 5. Article 5: Definitions. This article provides a list of terms and their meanings.
- 27 10.5. Applicability.
- The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to the partitioning and use of all land within the
- 29 unincorporated areas of St. Mary's County unless expressly and specifically exempted or
- 30 provided otherwise in this Ordinance. No subdivision may be undertaken without prior
- authorization, or exemption from regulation, by this Ordinance. All regulated development shall
- 32 comply with the standards, criteria, and procedures of this Ordinance and any other applicable
- 33 statute, law or regulation.
- 34 10.6. Minimum Standards.
- 35 Unless otherwise provided herein, the provisions of this Ordinance are minimum standards
- 36 necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Ordinance, and nothing herein is intended, nor shall
- it be construed to, prevent any development or land use in St. Mary's County from exceeding the
- 38 minimums.
- 39 10.7. Approval of Subdivision Plat.
- 40 Until a plat of the subdivision is approved in accordance with these regulations or is deemed
- otherwise legally of record, no land within the unincorporated area of St. Mary's County shall be
- 42 subdivided nor shall any lot be sold or transferred, building erected, or subdivision plat recorded.

CHAPTER 11 RULES

2 Sections:

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- 3 11.1 Purpose.
- 4 11.2 General Rules.
- 5 Rules for Construction of Language.
- 6 11.4 Severability.

7 **11.1.** Purpose.

- 8 The purpose of this chapter is to establish general rules for the application of this Subdivision
- 9 Ordinance. The meaning and construction of words and phrases defined in this chapter apply
- throughout this Ordinance. Definitions of general terms are presented in Article 5 Definitions.
- 11 11.2. General Rules.
- 12 1. **Zoning Permit Required.** No preliminary subdivision plat shall be approved by the Planning Commission until a valid zoning permit is obtained by the applicant from the Planning Director.
- Compliance Required. No person, firm or entity may use, occupy, or develop land or structures, or any part thereof, or authorize or permit the use, occupancy, or development of land or structures under the control of such person, except in accord with all applicable provisions of this Ordinance.
- 19 3. **Lot of Record.** Every building hereafter erected, reconstructed, converted, moved, or structurally altered shall be located on a lot of record. There may be more than one principal building or use on a lot of record provided, however, that each such principal use shall be assessed density of residential use or intensity (F.A.R.) of non-residential use as if on a subdivided lot.
- 4. *Conflict with Other Laws and Regulations.* Where a conflict occurs between this Ordinance and a state statute or another county ordinance or regulation, the more restrictive provision shall control.
- 27 5. Relation to Deed Restrictions and Other Private Agreements. This Ordinance does not 28 abrogate or annul a private easement, covenant, agreement, deed restriction, recorded plat 29 or other restrictive covenant. If, however, this Ordinance imposes a greater restriction than that imposed by such easement, covenant, agreement, recorded plat, deed restriction, 30 31 or other restrictive covenant, this Ordinance shall control. In no circumstances, however, shall the County have any obligation to enforce a restrictive covenant, easement, or 32 equitable servitude, not required as a condition of approval for any development activity 33 34 or land use.
- 35 6. **Relation to Prior Regulations.** This Ordinance does not validate or legalize a division of land established, developed or maintained in violation of a prior ordinance, county resolutions or ordinances, easements, covenants, agreements, plots, deed restrictions or other restrictive covenants running in favor of the County in effect prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.

11.3. Rules for Construction of Language.

- The following rules shall apply to the construction of language in this Ordinance:
- 42 1. The specific controls the general.

- 1 2. Unless the context clearly indicates the contrary, the following conjunctions shall be interpreted as follows:
- a. "And" indicates that all connected words or provisions apply;
- b. "Or" indicates that the connected words or provisions may apply singly or in any combination; and
- 6 c. "Either or" indicates that the connected words or provisions apply singly but not in combination.
- 8 3. In case of conflict between the text and a diagram, the text controls.
- 9 4. References to departments, commissions, boards, and other offices or instrumentalities are to those of St. Mary's County, unless otherwise indicated.
- 11 5. A reference to days is to calendar days unless otherwise indicated in this Ordinance or 12 specified by state law. If a deadline falls on a weekend or County holiday, the time for 13 performing an act is extended to the next working day. A working day is any day that is 14 not a Saturday, Sunday or official County holiday.
- In computing a period of days, the day of the act or event from which the designated period of days begins to run is excluded, and the last day of the period is included, unless the last day is not a working day. If the last day is not a working day, the period runs until the end of the next day which is a working day. In computing a period of less than seven days, Saturdays, Sundays and County holidays are excluded.
- 20 7. Use of "shall," "will" or "must" is mandatory; "should" is directive, but not binding, and "may" is permissive.
- Use of "including," "includes," "such as," "additional," or "supplemental" is illustrative and not intended as an exhaustive listing, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
- 9. Section and subsection headings contained in this Ordinance are for convenience only and do not govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning or intent of any provision of this Ordinance.
- Words used in the present tense include the future, words masculine in gender shall include the feminine gender and words used in the singular include the plural, and the plural, the singular, unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary.

30 11.4. Severability.

- If any provision, section, subsection, sentence, paragraph, clause or phrase or portion of this
- 32 Ordinance is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the
- remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected. If any application of this Ordinance to a
- 34 particular structure, land or water is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent
- jurisdiction, such judgment shall not be applicable to any said structure, land or water not
- 36 specifically included in said judgment.

ARTICLE 2. ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 20 AUTHORITY OF REVIEWING/DECISION MAKING BODIES AND OFFICIALS

Sections:

- 5 20.1 Board of County Commissioners.
- 6 20.2 Planning Commission.
- 7 20.3 Board of Appeals.
- 8 20.4 Director of Department of Land Use and Growth Management.
- 9 20.5 Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC).

20.1. Board of County Commissioners.

- 1. **Powers and Duties.** In addition to any authority granted by general or special law, the Board of County Commissioners shall have the following powers and duties under the provisions of this Ordinance:
 - a. To initiate, review, hear, consider and approve or disapprove the adoption of an Ordinance to amend the text of this Ordinance pursuant to Chapter 25 of this Ordinance.
 - 2. **Decision-Making Responsibilities.** See Figure 20.1 for a summary of the Board's decision-making responsibilities as they relate to Planning Commission, the Board of Appeals and the Planning Director.

21 Figure 20.1

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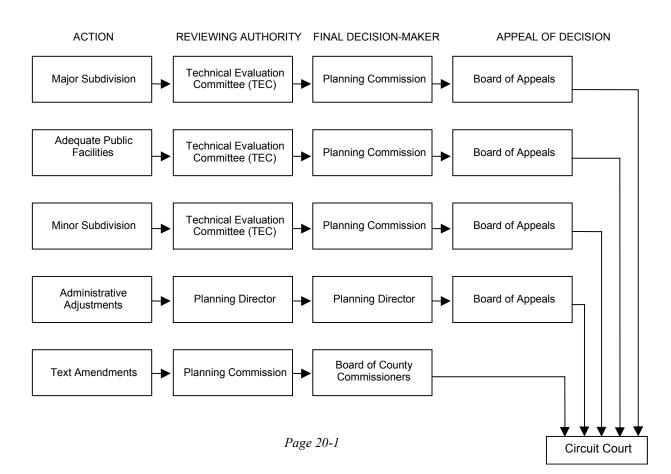
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Decision Making Responsibilities Under this Ordinance



20.2. Planning Commission.

- 2 1. *Establishment.* The St. Mary's County Planning Commission, (the "Commission"), is established pursuant to Section 3.01 of Article 66B of the Maryland Annotated Code.
- 4 2. *Commission Membership.* The Commission consists of seven members appointed by the County Commissioners.
- 6 3. *Powers and Duties.* Without limiting the authority otherwise denied, the Commission shall have the following powers and duties under this Ordinance:
 - a. To review, hear, consider, and make recommendations to the County Commissioners to approve or disapprove the adoption of an ordinance to amend the text of this Ordinance.
 - b. To report annually to the Board of County Commissioners on development and planning activities and Comprehensive Plan implementation.
 - c. Within six (6) months after appointment to the Planning Commission and once a year thereafter, a member shall complete an education course as prescribed in article 66B, § 3.02.
 - 4. *Meetings and Rules.* The Commission shall meet at least once a month. One such meeting shall be a regular meeting that shall be selected and published annually prior to the first regular meeting scheduled in January. Additional meetings may be scheduled at the call of the Chairman at such times as the Commission may determine. In accordance with Maryland Annotated Code, Article 24, Section 4-201, et seq., all meetings shall be open to the public. Any person may appear and testify at a public hearing either in person or be represented by duly authorized agent or attorney. The Commission may request testimony at its hearings for purposes of securing technical and/or factual evidence from experts or any County agency or office. The Commission shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent abstains, shall indicate such fact.

20.3. Board of Appeals.

- Establishment. The Board of Appeals for St. Mary's County is established and designated the "Board of Appeals" pursuant to Section 4.07 of Article 66B of the Maryland Annotated Code.
- 31 2. *Board Membership*. The Board consists of five members appointed by the County Commissioners.
- 33 3. **Powers and Duties.** Without limiting the authority otherwise denied, the Board of Appeals shall have the following powers and duties under this Ordinance:
 - a. To hear and decide appeals when it is alleged by an aggrieved person that there is an error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination made in regard to the administration of this Ordinance or of any amendments adopted pursuant thereto.
 - b. To authorize, upon appeal in specific cases, a variance from the terms of this Ordinance as will not be contrary to the public interest, and when, owing to special conditions, the enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance will result in practical difficulty or unwarranted hardship. Only those variances shall be allowed that accomplish the purpose and intent of the regulations of this Ordinance and are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.

Page 20-2

- 1 c. To adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as it shall deem necessary in the conduct of its hearings.
- 3 4. Meetings and Rules. All meetings of the Board of Appeals shall be held at the call of the chairman, and at such other times as the Board may determine. In accordance with 4 Maryland Annotated Code, Article 24, Section 4-201, et seq. all hearings conducted by 5 the Board shall be open to the public. Any person may appear and testify at a hearing 6 either in person or be represented by a duly authorized agent or attorney. The chairman, 7 or in his absence the acting chairman, may administer oaths and compel attendance of 8 witnesses. The Board may request testimony at its hearings for purposes of securing 9 technical and/or factual evidence from experts or any County agency or office. The 10 Board may require a report and recommendation from the Planning Commission on 11 variances and the Planning Commission shall file said report within 30 days of the 12 request by the Board. The Board shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote 13 of each member upon each question and indicating if a member is absent or abstains. 14
- 5. **Decision of Board of Appeals.** The Board of Appeals shall have all the powers of the administrative officer from whom the appeal is taken. In exercising its powers, the Board of Appeals may, in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance:
 - a. Wholly or partly reverse the order, requirement, decision, or determination from which the appeal is taken;
 - b. Wholly or partly affirm the order, requirement, decision, or determination from which the appeal is taken;
- 22 c. Modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination from which the appeal is taken; or
 - d. Issue a new order, requirement, decision, or determination. The Board of Appeals shall have all the powers of the administrative officer from whom the appeal is taken.
 - 6. *Finality of Decisions of the Board of Appeals.* All decisions and findings of the Board of Appeals on appeals or on applications for a variance shall be final administrative decisions and shall be subject to judicial review as prescribed in Section 4.08 of Article 66B of the Maryland Annotated Code. All decisions of the Board of Appeals shall become final upon the adoption of a written order, which shall be rendered in writing within 60 days of the close of the public hearing.
 - 20.4. Director of Department of Land Use and Growth Management.
- This Ordinance shall be administered and enforced by the Director of the St. Mary's County
- Department of Land Use and Growth Management, (the "Planning Director"), who shall be
- appointed by the County Commissioners.

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- 37 1. **Powers and Duties.** The Planning Director shall have the following powers and duties:
- a. To administer and enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.
- b. To approve or disapprove applications for a variance from dimensional requirements pursuant to 22.4, Administrative Variances..
- To determine, with input from other agencies, the adequacy of public facilities (APF) affected by applications for minor subdivision approval.
- d. To provide expertise and technical assistance to the Board of County
 Commissioners, Planning Commission, Board of Appeals, or Historic
 Preservation Commission, upon request.

Page 20-3

- e. To establish application requirements and schedules for review of applications and appeals, to formulate and promulgate rules and procedures, and to take any other actions necessary to implement and enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.
 - f. To ensure that the Department of Land Use and Growth Management (LUGM) will conduct and manage various planning studies, accept and process applications, collect and file applicant data, and maintain files. Coordinate input from other agencies, assure that cooperating agencies have conducted their normal reviews and provide recommendations to the Planning Commission and the Board of County Commissioners on various planning issues and development applications.
- 2. **Specific Enforcement Responsibilities.** The Planning Director shall have all necessary authority on behalf of the Board of County Commissioners to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance, including remedying any condition found to be in violation of this Ordinance, by bringing appropriate legal action or proceedings to gain compliance with the Ordinance. The Planning Director shall be guided in all actions pursuant to this Ordinance by the purposes, intent, and standards set forth in the respective articles of the Ordinance.
 - a. Enforcement of Planning Commission and Board of Appeals decisions. It shall be the duty of the Planning Director to assure compliance with the decisions of the Planning Commission and the Board of Appeals.
 - b. Enforcement of Minimum Requirements. In enforcing the minimum requirements and standards of this Ordinance and assuring compliance with decisions of the Board of Appeals, Planning Commission or Board of County Commissioners and conditions imposed by these bodies on planned developments, the Planning Director shall have the authority to:
 - (1) Investigate inquiries and complaints relating to building and land use activities and to take action when appropriate; and
 - (2) Issue civil citations and penalties, as may be prescribed by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners, against any person, firm, or corporation that shall violate this Ordinance; and
 - (3) Post stop work orders on any lot, parcel, site, structure, or property that is in violation of any section of this Ordinance. The Planning Director may require that all work and activity shall immediately cease on the designated premises, and may remove and suspend the zoning permit issued for the project until the violation is rectified. A fine may be levied against any person, firm, or corporation that shall violate the stop work order.
- 3. **Records of the Planning Director.** The Planning Director shall keep records of all subdivision plats and variances or appeals and decisions of the Planning Commission and Board of Appeals.

20.5. Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC).

- The Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC) is established and consists of a designated
- representative from the St. Mary's County Department of Land Use and Growth Management, the
- 45 State Highway Administration, the St. Mary's Soil Conservation Service, St. Mary's Health
- Department, the St. Mary's Metropolitan Commission and the St. Mary's County Department of

- Public Works and Transportation, and from other state and County departments and agencies as
- 2 designated by the Board of County Commissioners. A citizen appointed by the Board of County
- 3 Commissioners serves on the TEC as well. For purposes of reviewing development in the
- 4 Critical Area, the TEC shall also include the County's environmental planner. The Planning
- 5 Director shall serve as the chair of the TEC. The TEC shall be responsible for advising the
- 6 Planning Director in the review of subdivision applications and any other application for a
- 7 proposed activity requiring approval pursuant to this Ordinance.

CHAPTER 21 GENERAL APPLICATION AND PUBLIC HEARING PROCESS

Sections:

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- 21.1 General Application Procedures.
- 21.2 Actions Requiring Public Hearings.
- 21.3 Public Hearing Notice Requirements. 6
 - 21.4 Public Hearing Procedures.

21.1. **General Application Procedures.**

- 9 All applications that the provisions of this Ordinance require to be reviewed by the Technical Evaluation Committee shall be processed in accordance with the following procedures: 10
- **Determination of Completeness of Application.** Applications for development approvals 1. shall be submitted on the appropriate form designated by the Planning Director. After 12 13 receipt of an application, the Planning Director shall determine whether the application is complete. The time period allowed for review of an application shall not begin until the 14 15 application is determined to be complete. If the application is not complete, the Planning Director shall notify the applicant in writing within three days, specifying the deficiencies 16 of the application and the additional information that must be supplied and advising the 18 applicant that the County will take no further action on the application until the deficiencies have been corrected
- **Remedy of Deficiencies.** If the applicant fails to correct the specified deficiencies by the 20 2. end of the business day following the notification of deficiency, the application for 21 22 development approval shall be deemed withdrawn and will be returned to the applicant 23 with any fees that have been paid.

24 3. Extensions of Time.

- Upon written request, the Planning Director may, for good cause shown and without any notice or hearing, grant extensions of any time limit imposed on an applicant by this Ordinance. An extension of time may also be granted by any body acting pursuant to this Ordinance unless this Ordinance expressly provides otherwise. The cumulative extension(s) of time granted by such extension or extensions shall not exceed twice the length of the original period.
- Notwithstanding the above paragraph, and in light of economic conditions, for b. approvals subject to the discretion of the Planning Director and needing extension between the dates of January 1, 2008 and December 31, 2010, the Planning Director may, upon written request, extend valid approvals for an additional two years. This provision applies to any projects that have received approvals or extensions under any prior ordinance and that are grandfathered pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 27 of the Ordinance.
- 4. Fees. The application shall be accompanied by all required fees. The applicant shall also 38 be responsible for payment of all expenses incurred providing any public notice required 39 by Section 21.3. Application fees and refund policy shall be as established by resolution 40 of the Board of County Commissioners. 41
- 5. General Development Review Process. Figure 21.1 summarizes the general 42 development review process under this Ordinance, which is described in detail in the 43 following parts of this chapter. 44

Page 21-1

21.2. Actions Requiring Public Hearings.

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- Variances and Appeals of Administrative Decisions. The Board of Appeals shall hold at least one public hearing to review, consider, and approve, approve with conditions, or deny each application for a variance, or to consider an appeal from any administrative decision made pursuant to this Ordinance. Such hearing shall be held after public notification pursuant to Section 21.3.
- Amendments to the Text of this Ordinance. The Planning Commission shall conduct at least one public hearing to formulate a recommendation regarding any text amendment to this Ordinance. The Board of County Commissioners shall hold at least one public hearing on an amendment to the text of this Ordinance following receipt of the Planning Commission recommendation. Such hearings may be held jointly upon the concurrence of the Planning Commission and the Board of County Commissioners.

21.3. Public Hearing Notice Requirements.

- Providing all the information necessary for notice of all public hearings required under this
 Ordinance shall be the responsibility of the applicant. The applicant shall supply the information
- Ordinance shall be the responsibility of the applicant. The applicant shall supply the information in the form established by the Planning Director, and the information is subject to the approval of the Planning Director pursuant to the standards and requirements of this section.
- 18 1. **Publication**. At least 15 calendar days in advance of the public hearing on an application for any development approval, Ordinance amendments or appeal listed in Section 21.2, the Department of Land Use and Growth Management shall give notice of such public hearing. Notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in St. Mary's County once each week for two successive weeks.
- 23 2. **Mailing.** At least 15 calendar days before the public hearing on an application for any 24 variance appeal or Ordinance amendment, listed in Section 21.2, the applicant shall send notice by registered or certified mail in a format provided by the County to all owners of 25 contiguous property (as shown on the latest published property tax records of the 26 Maryland Department of Assessment and Taxation), including lands across any public or 27 28 private rights-of-way adjacent to the land subject to the application. Notice shall be 29 given to each individual property owner if an affected property is held in common ownership. In the case of a request for a variance from Section 30.14.3 the maximum 30 allowable lots on a private right-of-way, all property owners, whether their property is 31 contiguous or not contiguous with the subject property, shall be informed of the 32 scheduled public hearing by registered or certified mail. Required notice shall also be 33 34 given to a municipality if the application concerns land adjacent to its municipal boundaries. The applicant shall provide the Planning Director, in an approved form, with 35 names and addresses of all property owners required to receive notice of a public hearing 36 pursuant to this Ordinance. 37
 - a. **Contents of Notice for Mailing**. The notice for any public hearing or meeting to be mailed required by this section shall state the substance of the application and the date, time, and place of the public hearing or meeting, and the place where such application may be inspected by the public. The notice shall also advise that interested parties may appear at the public hearing or meeting and be heard with respect to the application.

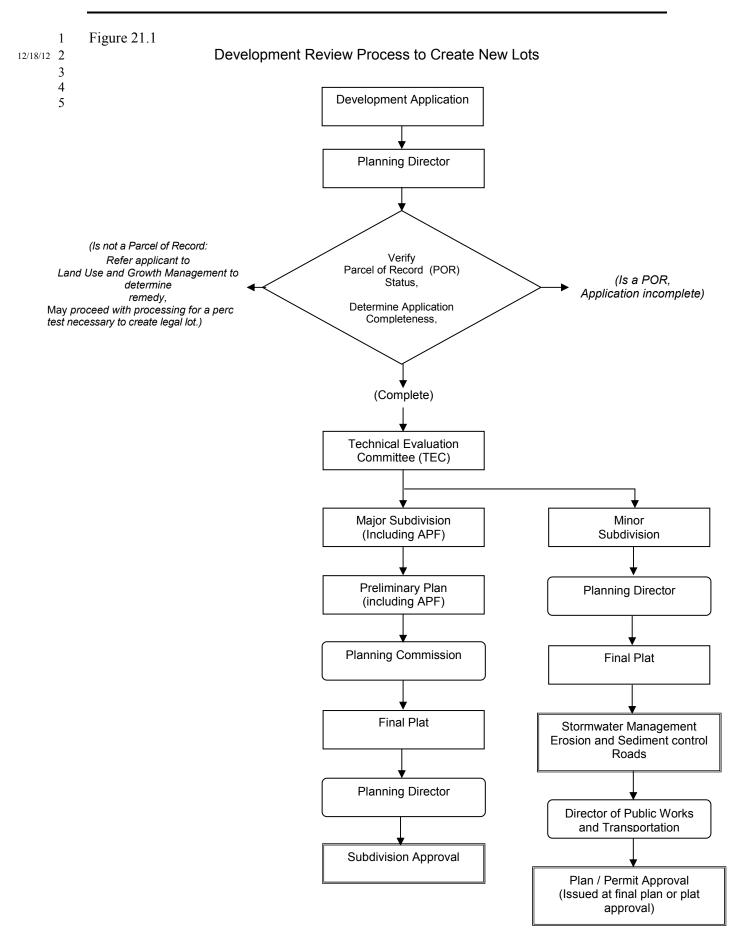
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Page 21-3

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- 2 3. **Requirements for Posting Notice.** At least 15 calendar days in advance of the public 3 hearing, the property(ies) subject to an application listed in Section 21.2 shall be posted 4 by the applicant with a notice on a block printed sign at least 24 inches x 36 inches. The 5 applicant shall notify the Department of Land Use and Growth Management the same 6 day notice is posted.
 - Content. Posted notice shall contain the following information: a.
 - Application number and property owner name (1)
 - (2) Request (as defined by the Department of Planning & Zoning).
 - (3) Date, time, and location of the hearing.
 - (4) A statement that the file is available at the Department of Land Use and Growth Management for public review and comment.
 - b. Location. One notice shall be posted for each 500 feet of frontage along a public street. The sign(s) shall be located on the property no more than 25 feet from the front property line and shall be clearly visible from the nearest public road or street. Where the land does not have frontage on a public street, signs shall be posted within the nearest street right-of-way with an attached notation indicating generally the direction and distance to the land that is the subject of the application.
 - Removal. The applicant shall remove the sign after the hearing on the c. application has concluded. If the sign is removed through no fault of the applicant before the hearing, such removal shall not be deemed a failure to comply with the standards or grounds to challenge the validity of any decision made on the application.
 - d. Exemption. This posting requirement shall not apply during amendment of these regulations generally, which would apply to the entire County.

21.4. **Public Hearing Procedures.**

- A public hearing held pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance shall comply with the following procedures:
- 30 Scheduling the Public Hearing. When an application requires a public hearing, the hearing shall be scheduled to occur within a reasonable time, allowing for the complexity 32 of the case, available staff resources, and public notice requirements.

2. Conduct of Public Hearing.

- Rights of All Persons. Any person may appear at a public hearing and submit a. evidence orally or in writing, either individually or upon written authorization as a representative of a person or an organization. Each person who gives testimony at a public hearing may be duly sworn, shall be identified as to name and address, and, if appearing on behalf of a person or an organization, shall state the name and mailing address of the person or organization being represented.
- Exclusion of Testimony. The body conducting the public hearing may exclude b. testimony or evidence that it finds to be irrelevant, immaterial, unduly repetitious, or otherwise inadmissible.
- Ruling on Objections. The body or official conducting the hearing shall rule on 43 c. 44 all objections made during the hearing.

Continuance of Public Hearing. The body or official conducting the public 1 d. hearing may, upon the body's or official's own motion, continue the public 2 3 hearing or meeting to a fixed date, time, and place without additional notification. Two-thirds of the voting members present at the hearing or meeting 4 at which a quorum is present shall be required for a continuance. An applicant 5 may request and be granted a continuance at the discretion of the body or official 6 7 conducting the public hearing only upon good cause shown. 8 3. Record of Public Hearing or Meeting. 9 Recording of Public Hearing or Meeting. Except where required otherwise by statute, the body or official conducting the public hearing or meeting shall record the public hearing or meeting by any appropriate means. A copy of the public

10 11 hearing or meeting record may be acquired upon request to the Planning Director 12 and payment of a fee to cover the cost of duplication of the record. 13 14 b. The Record. The minutes; tape recordings; all applications, exhibits, papers and reports submitted in any proceeding before the decision-making body or official; 15 and the decision of the decision-making body or official shall constitute the 16 record. 17 18 Location of Record and Inspection. All records of decision-making bodies or c. officials shall be public records, open for inspection at the offices of the decision-19 making body or official during normal business hours and upon request. 20 21 d. Examination and Copying of Application and Other Documents. Any person may examine an application and materials submitted in support of or in 22 23 opposition to an application in the appropriate County office. Copies of such 24 materials shall be made available at reasonable cost, subject to copyright laws. 25 4. General Procedures for Findings and Decisions. 26 General. Action shall be taken in compliance with any time limits established in this Ordinance and as promptly as possible in consideration of the interests of the 27 citizens of St. Mary's County and the applicant, and shall include a clear 28 29 statement of approval, approval with conditions, or disapproval. 30 b. Findings. Except for those of the Board of County Commissioners, whose decisions shall be made by motion, ordinance, or resolution, as appropriate, all 31 32 decisions made following a public hearing shall be in writing and shall include at 33 least the following elements: A summary of the information presented before the decision-making 34 (1) body or official; 35 (2) A summary of all documentary evidence submitted to the decision-36 37 making body or official and which the decision making body or official considered in making the decision; 38 A statement of the policies of the Comprehensive Plan and the general 39 (3) purposes of this Ordinance that are relevant to the findings and the 40 41 standards as required by this Ordinance; 42 (4) A statement of specific findings of fact or other factors considered, as appropriate, with specific reference to the relevant standards set forth in 43 this Ordinance; and 44 A statement of approval, approval with conditions, or disapproval. 45 (5)

- 1 c. *County Attorney Signature*. Before any decision shall become final, the County 2 Attorney or designee shall approve the decision as to form and legal sufficiency.
 - 5. Notification.
- 4 A letter notifying the applicant of the decision of the decision-making body or official shall be
- 5 sent by first-class mail, postage prepaid, within 10 days of the decision. A copy of the decision
- 6 shall also be made available to the applicant at the offices of the decision-making body or official
- during normal business hours, within a reasonable period of time after the decision has been
- 8 rendered.

Page 21-6

CHAPTER 22 ADMINISTRATIVE DECISIONS

Sections:

1 2

- 3 22.1 Environmental Permits.
- 4 22.2 Parcel of Record; Lot of Record.
- 5 22.3 Forms, Information, and Specifications Required.
- 6 22.4 Administrative Variances.
- 7 22.5 Zoning and Building Permits.
- 8 22.6 Schedule of Fees, Fines, and Penalties.

9 **22.1.** Environmental Permits.

- No building, structure, or land or any part thereof shall be used, created, enlarged or subdivided
- until an environmental permit is issued if required pursuant to Chapter 71, Resource Protection
- 12 Standards of the St. Mary's County Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.

13 22.2. Parcel of Record; Lot of Record.

- Except as provided herein, no permit pertaining to the use of land or buildings shall be issued by
- any cooperating agency, department, or employee unless a parcel of record or lot of record exists.
- Any permit or authorization issued in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be null
- 17 and void.

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18 **22.3.** Forms, Information, and Specifications Required.

- 19 An application for subdivision approval shall be made to the Director of Land Use and Growth
- Management on forms provided for that purpose. The Planning Director shall require and be
- 21 furnished with all plans and documents as may be required to determine compliance with the
- 22 provisions of this Ordinance and decisions of the Board of Appeals, the Planning Commission
- and the Board of County Commissioners. Subdivision applications shall be accompanied by the
- 24 items specified in Chapter 30, or as many thereof as the Planning Director deems pertinent, and
- 25 such additional information as the Planning Director may require to determine compliance with
- the provisions of this Ordinance and decisions of the Board of Appeals, the Planning
- 27 Commission, and the Board of County Commissioners.

28 **22.4.** Administrative Variances.

- An applicant seeking a variance may request the same directly of the Board of Appeals, pursuant to Chapter 21, without first applying to the Planning Director.
- 2. *Purpose*. The purpose of Administrative Variances is to delegate to the Planning Director approval authority to apply the standards for variance for proposed construction activities requesting relaxation of the minimum lot dimensions or minimum setback standards of Schedule 32.1 of the St. Mary's County Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, or the elevation requirement for substantially renovated historic structures located in the 100-year floodplain.

3. Variance from Dimensional Requirements.

- a. *Application*. A person may apply to the Planning Director for a variance from the dimensional requirements specified in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance. An administrative variance may not reduce specified dimensional requirements by more than 50 percent. The application shall be made on a form and in a manner prescribed by the Planning Director.
- b. *Procedure*. The Planning Director shall conduct a public hearing on the application for the variance. The hearing shall be open to the public, and anyone

Page 22-1

- in attendance shall have an opportunity to be heard concerning the application.
 Prior to the hearing, the applicant shall provide notice in the manner provided in this Section 21.3 of the Ordinance.
 - c. *Decision*. Within 15 days of the close of the hearing, the Planning Director shall decide the issue raised by the application. The decision shall be in writing and provide a brief explanation of the law, the standards for variance, and facts that support the decision. In making the decision, the Planning Director may grant the variance only in cases where strict compliance with the terms of the Ordinance would result in practical difficulty or unwarranted hardship that have not been caused by act of the applicant or the applicant's predecessors in title. The Planning Director shall not grant a variance if to do so would violate the spirit and intent of this Ordinance, the Comprehensive Plan, or functional or area plans in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, or cause or be likely to cause substantial injury to the public health, safety, and welfare. The Planning Director shall be guided in making this decision by the considerations set forth in Section 24.3, General Standards for Granting Variances of the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.

18 4. **Denial of Application.**

a. If the application is denied, the Planning Director shall take no further action on another application for substantially the same proposal on the same premises until after 2 years from the date of such denial.

22 5. Appeal of Administrative Decisions.

 Appeals of decisions made pursuant to this section may be filed to the Board of Appeals by an aggrieved person within 30 days of the date of the Planning Director's decision.

26 **22.5. Zoning and Building Permits.**

- A zoning permit shall be required as specified in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance before
- any application may be filed for subdivision approval. A building permit shall be required in
- 29 accordance with the building code adopted by the Board of County Commissioners before start of
- 30 construction.

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31 **22.6.** Schedule of Fees, Fines, and Penalties.

- The County Commissioners may establish by resolution a schedule of fees, charges, expenses,
- and fines and a collection and refund procedure for subdivision approval, variances, appeals,
- violations, and other matters pertaining to this Ordinance. The schedule of fees shall be available
- 35 from the Department of Land Use and Growth Management and may be altered or amended only
- 36 by the County Commissioners.

CHAPTER 23 APPEALS

Sections:

1 2

- 3 23.1 Scope of Appeals
- 4 23.2 Stay of Proceedings on Appeal.
- 5 23.3 Postponement.
- 6 23.4 Continuance.
- 7 23.5 Appeals.

8 23.1. Scope of Appeals.

- 9 1. An appeal may be filed with the Board of Appeals by:
- 10 a. Any person aggrieved by any order, requirement, decision, or determination made in regard to the administration or the enforcement of this Ordinance, as may be amended from time to time;
- b. Any officer, department, board, or bureau of the County.
- Such appeal shall be taken within 30 days of the date of the action being appealed by filing an application for Board of Appeals review with the Department of Land Use and Growth Management. An application for appeal shall identify with specificity all grounds for the appeal.
- The Planning Director shall process the application and forward it, along with all papers constituting the record of the action appealed to the Board of Appeals.

20 23.2. Stay of Proceedings on Appeal.

- 21 An appeal shall stay all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed unless, after notice of
- 22 the appeal has been filed with him or her, the Planning Director certifies to the Board of Appeals
- that by reason of fact stated in the certificate a stay would, in his or her opinion, cause imminent
- 24 peril to life or property. In such case, proceedings shall only be stayed if the Board or court of
- competent jurisdiction grants such an order.

26 **23.3.** Postponement.

- 27 Requests for postponement of a scheduled hearing shall be filed in writing with the secretary of
- the Board of Appeals prior to the date of hearing, and shall be accompanied by a sum of money
- 29 sufficient to pay the cost of advertising the postponement and the rescheduled hearing. The
- granting of such requests shall be at the discretion of the chairman of the Board of Appeals. The
- Board may, upon its own initiative, postpone a scheduled hearing at any time. Hearings may not
- be postponed for more than 30 days unless the Board of Appeals and all interested parties agree.
- Failure of an appellant to reschedule a hearing within the agreed period in accordance with
- Chapter 21 shall constitute withdrawal of the appeal.

35 23.4. Continuance.

- The Board of Appeals may, at the Board's sole discretion, continue a hearing to another time
- once the hearing has started. However, the Board shall announce the location, date and hour of
- the continued hearing while in session, unless new notice is provided as required by Section 21.3.

39 **23.5.** Appeals.

- 40 The Board of Appeals shall render a decision within a reasonable time, but in no instance more
- 41 than 60 days following the close of the hearing. Any person or party aggrieved by a decision of
- 42 the Board may appeal that decision to the Circuit Court for St. Mary's County.

CHAPTER 24 VESTED RIGHTS AND AUTHORITY TO CONTINUE NONCONFORMING PROJECTS

3 Sections:

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- 4 24.1 Purpose.
- 5 24.2 Vested Rights.
- 6 24.3 Grandfathering Provisions.
- 7 24.4 Grandfathering of Phasing Plans and Schedules.
- 8 24.5 Effect of Previous Regulations.
- 9 24.6 Annual Update.

10 **24.1.** Purpose.

- The purpose of this Chapter is to permit the continuation of projects for which certain plan
- approval has been given prior to the effective date of applicable ordinance changes or revisions.

13 **24.2.** Vested Rights.

- 14 St. Mary's County recognizes and accepts the standard of vested rights as established by
- 15 Maryland common law.

16 **24.3. Grandfathering Provisions.**

- 17 Transitional provisions to be known as grandfathering provisions are hereby adopted to provide
- for the continuance of certain development activities. No extensions of the stated time periods
- below shall be granted, except as noted in Section 24.4.2, below.
- 20 1. **Subdivisions:** Subdivisions shall be vested pursuant to the provisions listed below.
 - a. *Major Subdivisions:* Projects that have been granted preliminary subdivision plan approval prior to September 14, 2010 will have a maximum of two years from the date of such approval to be granted final subdivision approval. From the date of final subdivision approval a project will have one year in which to record the record plat. Those projects that must be phased in accordance with the Annual Growth Policy may continue toward recordation in accordance with the yearly allocations allowed.
 - b. *Minor Subdivisions:* Projects that have been processed through the Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC) prior to September 14, 2010 shall have twelve months (from adoption of this amendment) to achieve final subdivision or site plan approval.
- Planned Unit Developments: Grandfathering of a Planned Unit Development as
 approved by the Board of County Commissioners shall be governed by Chapter 44,
 Section 44.4.3.b of the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance

24.4. Grandfathering of Phasing Plans and Schedules.

36 1. All commercial or residential phasing plans and schedules approved prior to the enactment of this Ordinance shall remain in effect. Construction and development 37 relating to such plans may be completed in accordance with the terms of the previously 38 39 approved phasing plan. Any revisions proposed under this chapter shall conform with all Maryland state rules, regulations, and statutory provisions, and any construction 40 standards as set forth in the rules, regulations, and ordinances of St. Mary's County, in 41 effect when the applicant applied for a revision to the phasing plan and schedule, unless 42 said plans, schedules, and/or revisions are exempted under said rules, regulations 43 statutory provisions, and/or ordinances. 44

Page 24-1

- Any applicant shall be allowed to apply for a revision to any phasing plan and schedule grandfathered under the provisions of this chapter, and such revisions may be approved by the Planning Commission provided the applicant can show that there are compelling circumstances to warrant a revision. The Planning Commission shall consider the following factors in determining whether to approve applications for revisions:
 - a. The extent to which any delay was caused by the action or inaction of the applicant as opposed to other factors beyond the control of the applicant;
 - b. The amount of investment not including architectural and engineering costs made in the project as of the date of the application for revision;
 - c. Any impact to the health and welfare of the County cause by the revision or any delay associated therewith; and
- d. Market conditions.
- 3. *Continuation of Project: Project* development may proceed in accordance with the plan approved unless the approval expires by failure to act within the defined time periods as stated above. In the case of expiration, re-approval shall be in conformity with all provisions of this Ordinance.
- 17 **24.5.** Effect of Previous Regulations.
- To the extent that projects are grandfathered under this section, the provisions of Ordinance 02-
- 19 01, as amended, and regulations in effect at the time of plan approval, shall remain in full force
- and effect.
- 21 **24.6.** Annual Update.
- 22 An annual update of development commenced during the past year and plans for development in
- the upcoming year shall be presented to the Planning Commission by the developer of the project.

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CHAPTER 25 AMENDMENTS

Sections:

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- 3 25.1 Purpose and Authority.
- 4 25.2 Requirements for Amendments.
- 5 25.3 Review Procedures.
- 6 25.4 Action by Board of County Commissioners on Receipt of Planning Commission's Recommendation.
- 8 25.5 Record.

9 **25.1.** Purpose and Authority.

- 10 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of this Chapter is to provide a means for changing the text of this Ordinance.
- Authority. The Board of County Commissioners may, upon receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Commission, supplement, modify, or repeal provisions of the text of this Ordinance.

15 **25.2.** Requirements for Amendments.

- Any application to amend, supplement, modify, or repeal any portion of this Ordinance shall be
- 17 filed with the Planning Director in such form and accompanied by such information and fees as
- may be required by the Planning Director.
- 19 **25.3.** Review Procedures.
- 20 The Planning Commission upon application or upon its own motion shall promptly consider
- amendment of this Ordinance through the conduct of a public hearing. Generally, within 60 days
- from its final hearing, the Planning Commission shall transmit its recommendations for approval
- or disapproval to the County Commissioners.
- 1. **Review by Departments and Agencies.** Upon determination by the Planning Director that an application is complete the application shall be promptly submitted for comment and review to TEC agencies. Following notification that this administrative review is complete, the applicant must request in writing that the Planning Director submit an application for amendment. The Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing according to the provisions of Chapter 21 and forward a recommendation to the Board of County Commissioners.

25.4. Action by Board of County Commissioners on Receipt of Planning Commission's Recommendation.

- 33 Before approving or disapproving any application for amendment, the Board of County
- 34 Commissioners shall hold at least one public hearing in accordance with the procedures for notice
- and public hearings set forth in Chapter 21 of this Ordinance. At the sole discretion of the the
- 36 Board of County Commissioners, such public hearing may be held concurrent with the public
- hearing of the Planning Commission on the application.
- 38 **25.5.** Record.

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- 39 The record of all amendments shall include any request, all documents or communications
- 40 submitted regarding the proposal, the recorded testimony from all public hearings held on the
- 41 proposal, any reports or communications to or from any public officials or agencies concerning
- 42 the proposal, and the final decision of the County Commissioners. The record shall be open to
- public inspection and shall be maintained in the office of the Planning Director.

ARTICLE 3. SUBDIVISION STANDARDS AND APPROVALS

CHAPTER 30 GENERAL SUBDIVISION PLATTING

3	Sections:	
4	30.1	Purpose.
5	30.2	Permits and Approvals Required.
6	30.3	Types of Subdivisions and Plats.
7	30.4	Authority.
8	30.5	Preliminary Plan.
9	30.6	Preliminary Plan Application Procedures.
10	30.7	Preliminary Plan Amendments.
11	30.8	Final Plat.
12	30.9	Final Plat Approval.
13	30.10	Final Plat Amendments.
14	30.11	Condominium Plat
15	30.12	Boundary Line Adjustment Plat (BLAP)
16	30.13	Confirmatory Plat
17	30.14	Private Roads.
18	30.15	Subdivision Design Standards.
19	30.16	Lot and Right-of-Way Requirements.
20	30.16	Public Improvement and Infrastructure Requirements.

21 **30.1.** Purpose.

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- 22 The purpose of this Chapter is to:
- 23 1. Ensure the orderly subdivision and development of land.
- 24 2. Establish procedures and standards for subdivisions in order to further the orderly layout and use of land, and to ensure proper legal descriptions and monumenting of subdivided land.
- Provide for the coordination of streets and other roadways and the installation of public utilities and other public facilities
- Provide for the dedication or reservation of rights-of-way or easements for improvements within proposed subdivisions.
- Provide for adequate light, air, and privacy, to secure safety from fire, flood, and other danger, and to prevent overcrowding of the land and undue congestion of population.
- 33 6. Guide the future growth and development in accordance with the Comprehensive Plan.

34 30.2. Permits and Approvals Required.

Subdivision Plat Required. No person shall subdivide land for the purpose of creating a building site without preparing and recording a final subdivision plat in full compliance with the provisions of this Article and all other State and local laws and regulations applying to subdivisions. The owner who desires to subdivide land for the purpose of creating one or more building sites shall be required to submit a plat of subdivision to the Department of Land Use and Growth Management, which is responsible for coordinating

- the processing of such plats. The subdivision plat must be prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter.
 - a. Divisions of land exempt from subdivision plat requirements may be established by deed, provided the deed is approved by the Planning Director prior to the recordation of the deed.
 - b. If a parcel created through agricultural division, or any part thereof, is developed for nonagricultural use, a subdivision plat must be recorded prior to issuance of building permit.
- Sale or Transfer of Lots. Until a final subdivision plat is approved and recorded in accordance with this Ordinance, no land within the unincorporated area of St. Mary's County shall be subdivided, nor shall any lot be sold or transferred or any building erected.
- 3. Permits and Certificate of Occupancy. No permits for grading, or for construction of
 buildings, roads, or storm water management and no Certificate of Occupancy shall be
 issued for any development within a subdivision until the final plat has been recorded and
 fees and bonds required by this Ordinance are paid.
- 4. *Appeals.* Any person or persons aggrieved by any action of the Planning Director or Planning Commission pursuant to this Article may appeal within 30 days of the action to the Board of Appeals.
- 20 5. Voiding of Plats.

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- a. Any plat or any part of a plat may be vacated by the owner, at any time before the sale of any lot therein, or by all the owners, by a written instrument, in recordable form declaring that plat to be null and void.
- b. The instrument shall be approved by the Planning Commission in like manner as plats of subdivisions. The Planning Commission may reject any instrument that abridges or destroys the public rights in any public uses, improvements, streets or alleys within the subdivision.
- c. The instrument, once recorded, shall render the subdivision a nullity and divest all public rights in the streets, alleys and public grounds, and all dedications laid out or described on the plat.
- 30.3. Types of Subdivisions and Plats.
- 12/18/12 32 1. **Residential Subdivisions.** Residential subdivisions shall be classified as one of the following:
 - a. *Minor Subdivision*. A Minor Subdivision is the division of a parcel or lot of record which creates one (1) to seven (7) lots.
 - b. *Major Subdivision*. A Major Subdivision is any subdivision that involves a division of a parcel of record into more than seven (7) lots.
 - c. Farmstead Subdivision. Subdivision of any number of lots, each of which is at least fifteen (15) acres in size.
 - 40 2. *Nonresidential Subdivisions.* Commercial and Industrial subdivisions shall be subject to
 41 all the requirements of site plan approval set forth in the Comprehensive Zoning
 42 Ordinance. Nonresidential subdivisions shall require a public or private right-of-way for
 43 access to lots, and an approved entrance at public roads, and are subject to the public road

- standards or other road design/construction standards. Site plan approval and subdivision plat approval may proceed simultaneously at the discretion of the Planning Commission.
- 3 3. *Condominium Plat.* A plat which describes the horizontal and vertical boundaries of a condominium regime as required by Article 11-101 of the Real Property title of COMAR.
- 5 4. **Boundary Line Adjustment.** A plat which has the effect of adjusting property boundaries of parcels or lots of record.
- 7 5. *Confirmatory Plat.* A plat which makes minor corrections to a previously recorded plat that does not involve adjustment of any boundary lines or create new lots.
- 9 6. Plat Exempt Division.

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- a. An exempt division, created without making provisions for roads, water supply or sewage disposal or other public improvements, is permitted under the following circumstances:
 - (1) To settle estate or other court ordered partitions.
 - (2) To add land to an existing agricultural parcel.
 - (3) To transfer land for purposes other than development.
 - (4) To transfer land to an immediate family member for development in the future.
 - (5) For road right of way dedication or acquisition.
- b. Plat Exempt Divisions may be established by deed, provided the deed is approved by the Department of Land Use and Growth Management prior to transfer and recordation.
 - c. In all cases (1) through (4) above, or when a Plat Exempt Division parcel is proposed to be converted to a building lot, a standard subdivision plat must be recorded prior to issuance of a building permit.
- 25 **30.4.** Authority.
- Residential and Non Residential, Boundary Line and Plat Exempt Subdivision. The
 Planning Commission is vested with the authority to review, approve, conditionally
 approve and disapprove plats for subdivisions of land.
- 29 2. **Delegation.** The Planning Commission may delegate authority to the Planning Director to:
- 31 a. Approve minor subdivision plats (including farmsteads), boundary line 32 adjustment plats, Condominium plats, Confirmatory plats, and plat exempt 33 divisions; and
- Approve final plats for major subdivisions and nonresidential subdivisions
 (provided that Planning Commission approval of the final plat was not a
 condition of approval for the Preliminary Plan); and
- Review and approve minor amendments and adjustments to approved plats, in accordance with the criteria established in this Chapter.
- 39 30.5. Preliminary Plan.
- Purpose. A Preliminary Plan is a formal submission of a plan for the proposed
 subdivision. Approval of a Preliminary Plan shall constitute Planning Commission or

- Planning Director acceptance of the land use mix, development intensity, general street drainage and lot patterns, general location of parks and open space lands, and the general layout of pedestrian and bicycle trails, except that these may be modified in conjunction with subsequent approvals if additional information reveals development constraints that are not evident during Preliminary Plan review.
- 6 2. *When a Preliminary Plan Is Required.* Approval of a Preliminary Plan shall be required for any subdivision. No final plat shall be approved until a Preliminary Plan for the property has been approved.

9 3. Preliminary Plan Approval.

- a. If the Preliminary Plan is approved by the Planning Commission, the applicant shall be advised in writing of such action. Approval of the Preliminary Plan shall not constitute approval of the Final Plat. The Preliminary Plan and conditions of its approval shall serve as a guide in the preparation of the final subdivision plat. For minor subdivisions, approval from all TEC agencies shall constitute Preliminary Plan approval.
- b. Approval of the Preliminary Plan shall be valid for a period not to exceed 2 years.
- 4. *Criteria for approval of a Preliminary Plan.* In approving a Preliminary Plan, the Planning Commission shall make each of the following findings:
 - a. The proposed development, including lot sizes, density, access and circulation, is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and applicable zoning standards and is compatible with the existing and/or permissible future use of adjacent property.
 - b. Sufficient number of access points for ingress and egress are provided. Generally, two access points are required, with no less than one access point for each 75 lots or fraction thereof and reservation of land or dedication of rights-of-way to allow interconnection of subdivision streets to adjacent parcels, subdivisions and for connection to planned roads.
 - c. Public facilities are adequate in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 70 of the St. Mary's County Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, Adequate Public Facilities.
 - d. Is consistent with the Annual Growth Policy, including approval of a phasing plan if required by said Annual Growth Policy.
 - e. Access to adjoining land is provided for in the proposed plan and will allow development of those adjoining lands in accordance with this Ordinance. Street system adequacy shall be based on the street system's ability to safely accommodate trips from existing and planned land uses on the existing and proposed street system.
 - f. The drainage, erosion control, and construction proposed comply with accepted engineering and construction practices and the requirements of this Ordinance.
 - g. The lot, block, and street layout are consistent with the subdivision design standards of this and the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.
- h. Adequate developed recreational and other community amenities are provided in accordance with the Comprehensive Plan, Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, and this Subdivision Ordinance.

- Conditions on Approvals. In approving a Preliminary Plan, the Planning Commission may impose modifications or conditions to the extent necessary to insure compliance with the standards of this Ordinance, the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance and Comprehensive Plan.
- 5 **30.6.** Preliminary Plan Application Procedures.
- 6 1. **Submission Procedures**. An application for approval of a Preliminary Plan shall be
 7 submitted to the Department of Land Use and Growth Management on or before the due
 8 date for submissions to the Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC). The application form
 9 approved by the Planning Director shall establish the appropriate number of plats to be
 10 submitted and other submission requirements.
- 12 *Prerequisites.* In addition to any submission requirements specified on the application form, an application for a Preliminary Plan must be accompanied by the following:
- a. Zoning permit application.
 - b. An approved Forest Stand Delineation or an approved waiver from the Forest Conservation provisions in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.
- 16 c. A certificate of title.

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- 17 d. A phasing plan, if proposed by the applicant or if required by the County's Annual Growth Policy.
- Completeness Review. The Planning Director shall check the submittal for completeness. If, in the opinion of the Planning Director, an application is incomplete, the applicant shall be notified and shall have three (3) business days to make the application complete or withdraw the plan. If the applicant does not respond within three (3) business days, the application will be rejected. Complete applications will be referred to the TEC for review and comments.
- 4. 25 **Preliminary Plan Requirements.** Preliminary plans shall be at a scale of 1 inch to 100 feet, except that a scale of 1 inch to 200 feet may be used if the plan involves property 26 27 over 100 acres in size. At least one copy shall be at a scale of 1 inch to 600 feet to facilitate uniform addressing. The preferred paper size is 24" x 36", with the maximum 28 sheet size of 36" x 48". The plan shall include an Owner's and Surveyor's Certificate, be 29 signed and sealed, and include approval/signature blocks for Land Use and Growth 30 Management, Health Department, Metropolitan Commission (if public water and sewer), 31 and Public Works (if plan contains public roads). The plan and accompanying documents 32 shall be in accordance with the appropriate subdivision checklist, and as a minimum 33 34 show the following information for the site and for 200 feet around the perimeter of the 35 site.
 - a. Title Block
 - (1) Date of Original.
 - (2) Election District.
- Name, address and telephone number of Surveyor or Engineer.
- 40 (4) Subdivision name, including type of subdivision.
- 41 (5) Drawn by, checked by initials.
- 42 (6) Sheet number of sheet number
- b. Vicinity Map

1 2		(1)	Scale of at least 1" to 2,000' or as appropriate to show the entire site and surrounding road network including at least two intersections.
3		(2)	North Arrow.
4		(3)	Critical Area Boundary (if applicable).
5		(4)	Zoning Boundary (if applicable).
6	c.	Genera	al Notes
7		(1)	Tax Map, Grid, and Parcel.
8		(2)	Site Area in acres (square feet if less than 1 acre).
9		(3)	Zoning and Overlay Zone.
10		(4)	Setbacks stating setbacks are drawn from sensitive areas.
11		(5)	Minimum Ownership Statement.
12		(6)	Health Department Note.
13		(7)	Water and Sewer Category.
14		(8)	Water and Sewer Provisions.
15		(9)	Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan Compliance.
16		(10)	10' Utility Easement along all lot lines.
17		(11)	Prior Restrictions.
18		(12)	Private Road maintenance note.
19		(13)	Name and number of lots served by each private road.
20		(14)	Premise address note.
21		(15)	Specify Flood Hazard Zone and source.
22		(16)	Existence or non-existence of non-tidal wetlands and source of data.
23		(17)	Source of soil and topographic data.
24 25		(18)	Existence of Critical Habitats, Cultural Features, or Historic Sites, stating source.
26		(19)	Stormwater Management.
27 28		(20)	Mitigation measures to be used (Major Subdivisions in the RL and RPD zones only).
29		(21)	Forest Conservation Exemption (if applicable)
30		(22)	TDR note (if applicable).
31		(23)	Family Conveyance note, as required by Section 30.14.4 (if applicable).
32		(24)	Airport Environs Note (if applicable)
33		(25)	Critical Area Notes (if applicable).
34	d.	Plan Ir	nformation.
35		(1)	North point and scale.
36		(2)	Density table.

1 2		(3)	Boundary lines with bearings and distances, corner markers and reference monuments.
3 4		(4)	Locations, names, classifications, and present right-of-way widths of adjacent streets, alleys or public or private ways.
5 6		(5)	Location, zoning and names of adjacent subdivisions and of owners of adjacent property.
7		(6)	Location, dimension and purpose of existing easements.
8 9 10		(7)	Location and size of existing water and sewer facilities, including wells and pumping stations, and storm drain culverts on or adjacent to the property.
11 12 13		(8)	Proposed use of property, typical lot sizes and acreage of parcels and outparcels, phasing, water and sewer capacity requirements, and anticipated build out schedule.
14	e.	Natur	al features.
15 16		(1)	Physical features of the property, including water courses, shore lines, wetlands, 100 year flood plains, existing structures and steep slopes.
17 18		(2)	Environmental features of the property, including tree lines and specimen trees, soil types and preliminary forest conservation plan.
19 20 21 22 23		(3)	Topographic information approximately equivalent to two foot contours on land less than 5 percent gradient and five foot contours on land more than 5 percent gradient. Topography shall extend a minimum of 100 feet beyond the property line. Source of topography and datum shall be referenced.
24 25		(4)	If all or part of the site is in the critical area, the additional requirements for Critical Area Plans shall be provided.
26	f.	Propo	sed development.
27 28		(1)	The names, location, widths, classifications and centerline dimensions of all proposed streets, alleys, public ways and private drives.
29 30		(2)	Required building restriction lines, buffer yards and setbacks, or a typical detail of the building envelope.
31		(3)	Proposed lot lines with approximate dimensions and lot numbers.
32 33		(4)	Location of sidewalks and pedestrian circulation routes; location and use of proposed public areas, including parklands, and phasing of same.
34		(5)	Method of water supply and fire suppression proposed:
35 36 37			(a) Information shall be provided in sufficient detail in engineering study including on-site and off-site system adequacy as well as the method of water supply and capacity required.
38 39 40 41			i. All residential subdivisions of 25 lots or more must connect to a public water system. All non-residential subdivisions and development in the Development Districts must connect to a public water system if it is
42			within 1,750 feet of an existing line of sufficient

capacity. All development in Town Centers and Village 1 Centers within 1,750 feet of an existing public water 2 system with sufficient capacity must connect to the 3 4 public water system. 5 (6) Information shall be provided in sufficient detail in an engineering study to determine method of sewage disposal proposed, including for 6 7 community sewerage systems, on-site and off-site system adequacy as well as method of sewage treatment and capacity required. For areas that 8 9 have been tested for percolation rates, show location of percolation tests and sewerage reserve areas. 10 11 **(7)** Erosion and Sediment Control Plan as required and in accordance with the Stormwater Management, Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control 12 Ordinance. 13 (8) 14 Preliminary drainage area map, a conceptual storm drain layout and 15 method and approximate location of storm water quality and quantity treatment proposed, including preliminary storm water management 16 calculations. 17 (9) Location and general description of proposed off-site improvements. 18 (10)A traffic study will be required if more than 50 peak hour trips are 19 20 generated by the project, and must be submitted and approved prior to Planning Commission approval. 21 22 (11)Entrance location, minimum site distance available in each direction, 23 acceleration and deceleration lane dimensions, by-pass lane dimensions. nearest driveways and/or street intersection locations, and monumental 24 signage entrance features if proposed. 25 26 5. Comments on Preliminary Plans. Agency comments may be both general and specific in 27 nature. Comments that are general in nature are intended to address compliance with the Comprehensive Plan and public health and safety issues. Agencies should point out 28 existing problems in the vicinity of the proposed activity, such as historical drainage and 29 30 flooding conditions, poor soils, erosion, planned roadway improvements, traffic flow, 31 roadway classification, etc. Comments that are specific in nature should reference the specific sections of the Ordinance or other regulations that are being addressed. Agencies 32 may also comment upon whether the plat meets their rules and regulations and meets the 33 requirements for adequacy of public facilities (APF) as defined in the Comprehensive 34 Zoning Ordinance. Each TEC agency shall supply comments on a form approved by the 35 Planning Director, and returned to the Planning Director. The Planning Director will 36 37 distribute comments from TEC agencies to the applicant following the set TEC Review 38 cycle. 39 6. **Planning Commission Action.** A Preliminary Plan may be submitted to the Planning Commission for review and approval following receipt by the applicant of agency 40 comments. The reviewing agencies must have indicated that the plan is acceptable or can 41 42 be made acceptable with additional information or through specified modifications. The Planning Director shall prepare a staff report for distribution to the Planning 43 Commission, the applicant, and the applicant's Surveyor or Engineer prior to the meeting, 44 and will incorporate appropriate agency review comments into the report. The Planning 45 Director shall present the plat to the Planning Commission. The applicant may also 46

- present the plat and answer questions from the Planning Commission. The Planning Commission shall approve the application, approve it with conditions or disapprove it.
- 7. *Preliminary Plan Approval*. Preliminary Plan approval shall not be granted until such time that the easement for any crossing of the land owned by the Board of County Commissioners known as the "Old Railroad Right-of-way" is approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

7 **30.7.** Preliminary Plan Amendments.

- Amendments to Preliminary Plans may be initiated by the owner of property subject to the following provisions:
- 10 1. *Minor Amendments*. The Planning Director may approve minor amendments for:
- a. Changes in the internal alignment of roads that do not affect external properties;
- b. Changes in internal parcel boundaries that do not abut external property lines;
- 13 c. Changes in setbacks along internal property lines;
- d. Changes in the routing of trails and pedestrian ways; or
- 15 e. Changes in the orientation of buildings on internal parcels.
- 16 2. *Major amendments.* The following are deemed major amendments and require Planning Commission approval:
- 18 a. Increased number of dwelling units or square feet of nonresidential building area;
- b. Increased trip generation or demand for public utilities;
- 20 c. Decreased public or private open space area; or
- d. Increased volume or velocity of storm water runoff from the development.

22 **30.8.** Final Plat.

- Final Plat Required. There shall be a Final Plat for each subdivision that receives
 Preliminary Plan approval. No subdivision plat shall be recorded unless and until a Final
 Plat has been approved as provided in this Chapter. Plat Exempt Divisions are exempt
 from this requirement.
- Final Plat Approvals. The final plat shall be approved, approved with conditions or disapproved by the Planning Commission or Planning Director, as the case may be, in accordance with the procedures established in Chapter 21 of this Ordinance. The decision shall be in the form of a written letter to the applicant.
- 31 3. *General Criteria for Final Plat Approval.* A Final Plat may be approved upon demonstration of compliance with the following criteria:
- The proposed subdivision conforms to all relevant requirements of this
 Ordinance and any conditions of Planning Commission Preliminary Plan
 approval, if applicable.
- 56 b. The lot and block layout provides for safe and convenient vehicular, service and emergency access, efficient utility service connections, and adequate buildable area in each lot for planned uses.
- Rights-of-way and easements of adequate size and dimension are provided for the purpose of constructing the street, utility, and drainage facilities needed to

1 serve the development. This includes requests to the Board of County Commissioners for permission to cross the railroad right-of-way. 2 3 d. The proposed subdivision provides sufficient land necessary to satisfy the requirements of the open space standards for the zoning district where the 4 5 subdivision is located. 6 e. The proposed land subdivision is designed in such a manner as to allow for 7 continued development of adjacent, undeveloped lands. 8 30.9. Final Plat Approval. 9 1. Final Plat Preparation and Submittal Requirements. 10 The Final Plat shall include the following documents at a minimum: 11 (1) Evidence that the final plat has been prepared in accordance with the approved Preliminary Plan, and includes any modifications required by 12 the Planning Commission. 13 14 (2) Record Plat. The final plat shall be legible, drawn accurately and to scale, and shall be submitted for recordation using black ink on transparent 15 mylar or linen, or other black line process on transparent mylar or linen 16 comparable to original quality that will conform to archival standards. 17 The size of the sheets shall be 18" by 24", including a margin of ½" 18 outside ruled border lines. The minimum letter size shall be 1/10 inch. 19 The final plat shall be prepared in accordance with the final plat 20 21 checklists approved by the Planning Director. 22 (3) Construction Plans. If required, construction plans for public facilities 23 shall be submitted as part of the final plat. Construction plans shall 24 conform to the design requirements of the review agencies as set forth in the checklists approved by each review agency. 25 **(4)** Forest Conservation Plan. The Forest Conservation Plan and worksheet 26 27 shall be prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance. 28 29 Other agreements. All covenants, restrictions, TDRs, offsite easements, (5) 30 letters of permission, wetland permits and special conditions or other 31 agreements necessary for the approval of the final plat. 32 (6) Property Corners. A certification by a Registered Professional Land or Property Line Surveyor that reference monuments have been or will be 33 34 b. $_{12/18/12}\,35$ A final plat for a major subdivision shall be submitted directly to the appropriate review agencies for comment and approval. A final plat for a minor subdivision 36 may be submitted directly to the appropriate review agencies after initial TEC 37 review is completed in accordance with Chapter 21. 38 39 c. Unless an extension is granted by the Planning Commission, a final plat must be approved by the Planning Director no more than 2 years after approval of the 40 Preliminary Plan. The final plat must be recorded within 1 year from final 41 42 approval. 43 d. Except for minor subdivisions all final plats shall be submitted in printed (for purposes of recording) and digital (for purposes of maintaining the County 44

1 computer mapping system) format. Plats of minor subdivisions need not be submitted in digital format. Digital plats shall be submitted in .dwg, .dxf, or .dgn 2 format and shall comply with the following: 3 The digital file should include only those layers and graphic elements 4 (1) associated with the property lines. No other text or layer shall be 5 required. 6 Measures shall use the US Survey Foot. 7 (2) (3) Submitted drawings shall include at least 3 northing and easting (X, Y) 8 control points of the surveyed property(ies) or no more than 3 northing 9 10 and easting tick marks on the plan or plat surrounding the surveyed property. 11 12 (4) The digital plat submission shall include a metadata text file containing at a minimum: 13 Preparer's contact information. 14 (a) (b) Land Use and Growth Management control number. 15 Dates of file creation and modification. (c) 16 17 (d) Confirmation of the vertical and horizontal coordinate system 18 used. 19 (5) Digital files shall be submitted on standard transfer media, including CD-ROM, DVD, or flash drive. A link to a remote server via file transfer 20 protocol (FTP) is also acceptable. Delivery by any other means must be 21 approved by County staff beforehand. The submitted media shall be 22 labeled with the title of the project (drawing file name), type of drawing 23 or submittal case file number, and the creation date of the file. 24 25 (6) The requirement for digital submission may be waived by the Planning Director upon payment of a fee to cover the additional processing by 26 staff or upon satisfactory demonstration of hardship. 27 2. Action on Final Plat. Upon approval of the final plat by each review agency, that agency 28 shall submit evidence of final approval to the Planning Director, with a copy to the 29 applicant. Upon receipt of all approvals, the applicant shall submit to the Planning 30 Director the required number of reproducible and paper copies of the plat. The Planning 31 32 Director shall circulate the plat as may be required to the Metropolitan Commission, the Health Department and the Department of Public Works & Transportation (DPWT) for 33 signatures, sign the plat and have the plat recorded. 34 3. Approval, Not Acceptance. Approval of the final plat shall not be deemed to be 35 acceptance of any street, alley, public space, utility or other physical improvements 36 shown on the Final Plat. Such improvements may be formally accepted by the County as 37 evidenced by an appropriate deed of dedication in recordable form and delivered to the 38 County and executed by the County for acceptance. 39 Completion of Improvements. Except as provided in this Ordinance, a condition of final 40 4. plat approval shall include the execution of a Public Works Agreement to ensure 41 42 completion of all street, sanitary, and other public improvements as stipulated on the final 43 plat.

1 **30.10.** Final Plat Amendments.

- 2 Amendments to final plats may be initiated by the owner and will be evaluated pursuant to the
- 3 procedures for final plat approval established in this Chapter.

4 30.11. Condominium Plat

- Purpose. The purpose of a Condominium Plat is to describe the horizontal and vertical boundaries of a condominium regime as required by Article 11-101 of the Real Property title of COMAR.
- Submission Procedures. Submission procedures for a Condominium Plat are the same as those for a preliminary plan except because a Condominium Plat is not subject to TEC review, submission can be made anytime during the month.
- 12 *Prerequisites.* In addition to any submission requirements specified on the application form, an application for a Condominium Plat approval must be accompanied by the following:
- a. A certificate of title.

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- b. An approved site plan.
 - c. Declarations and Bylaws.
- 17 4. *Completeness Review.* Completeness review procedures are the same as those for Preliminary Plan submissions.
- 19 5. Plat Requirements. Condominium Plats shall be at a scale of 1" to 100". The preferred
 20 paper size is 18" x 24", with the maximum sheet size of 24" x 36". The plan shall include
 21 an approval/signature blocks for the Department of Land Use and Growth Management.
 22 The plan and accompanying documents shall be in accordance with the Condominium
 23 Plat checklist. The Plat may consist of one or more sheets and shall contain the following:
- a. The name of the condominium.
- b. A boundary survey of the property described in the declaration showing the location of all buildings on the property and the physical markings at the corners of the property.
 - c. Diagrammatic floor plans of each building on the property which show the measured dimensions, floor area, and location of each unit in it. Common elements shall be shown diagrammatically to the extent feasible; and
 - d. The elevation or average elevation in case of minor variances, above sea level, or from a fixed known point, of the upper and lower boundaries of each unit delineated on the Condominium Plat.
 - e. Designation of Units Each unit shall be designated on the plat by a letter or number, or a combination of them, or other appropriate designation.
 - f. **Surveyor's Certificate.** A condominium plat is sufficient if there is a certificate of a professional land surveyor or property line surveyor authorized to practice in the state that;
 - (1) The plat together with the applicable wording of the declaration, is a correct representation of the condominium described; and
- The identification and location of each unit and the common elements, as constructed, can be determined from them.

1 30.12. Boundary Line Adjustment Plat (BLAP) 2 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of a Boundary Line Adjustment Plat is to adjust property 3 boundaries of lots of record. 2. 4 Submission Procedures. Submission procedures for a BLAP are similar to those for a subdivision plan. A BLAP is not subject to TEC reviews, submission can be made 5 6 anytime during the month. 7 3. **Prerequisites.** In addition to any submission requirements specified on the application form, an application for BLAP approval must be accompanied by the following: 8 A complete deed history providing evidence of parcel of record status of all 9 involved properties. A non-parcel of record being completely absorbed into 10 parcels of record is allowed. 11 12 b. A copy of recorded plats, if any, for properties involved. 13 4. **Plat Requirements.** Boundary Line Adjustment Plats shall be at a recommended scale of 1" to 100'. The preferred paper size is 18" x 24", with the maximum sheet size of 24" x 14 36". The plan shall include approval/signature blocks for the Department of Land Use 15 and Growth Management, Health Department, Metropolitan Commission (if public water 16 and sewer). The Plat may consist of one or more sheets and shall contain the following at 17 a minimum: 18 Title Block and vicinity map requirements shall be the same as those for a 19 Preliminary Plan as described above. 20 b. The following General Notes are required: 21 22 (1) Tax map, grid, and parcel numbers. 23 (2) Total acreage. (3) Zoning and overlay zoning. 24 **(4)** A statement that "Recording this Boundary Line Adjustment Plat will 25 expand existing deeded parcels of record by square feet and will 26 not result in additional building sites or increase in density or intensity 27 beyond the current land use shown hereon." 28 29 (5) Critical Area Notes (if applicable) Plan Information. 30 c. 31 (1) North arrow and scale. 32 (2) Boundary lines with bearings and distances, corner markers and reference monuments. For the sake of clarity, the "Z" convention shall be 33 used in order to illustrate the area being adjusted. 34 Add "500" prefix to adjusted lot numbers, and "Adjusted Parcel" 35 (3) designation to parcels of record being adjusted. 36

adjacent property.

sewerage easement.

Topographic information.

(4)

(5)

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Location, zoning and names of adjacent subdivisions and of owners of

Location, dimension and purpose of existing easements, including

- 1 (7) If all or part of the site is in the critical area, the additional requirements for Critical Area Plans shall be provided.
 - (8) Entrance location, minimum site distance available in each direction, acceleration and deceleration lane dimensions, by-pass land dimensions.
 - (9) Address Oval.

6 30.13. Confirmatory Plat

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- 7 1. *Purpose.* A Confirmatory Plat makes minor corrections to a previously recorded plat that does not involve adjustment of any boundary lines or create new lots.
- Submission Procedures. Submission procedures for a Confirmatory Plat are the same as those for a preliminary plan except that because a Confirmatory Plan is not subject to TEC review, submission can be made anytime during the month.
- 12 3. **Prerequisites.** In addition to any submission requirements specified on the application form, an application for a Condominium Plat approval must be accompanied by the following:
 - a. A certificate of title to show current ownership.
 - b. A copy of the recorded plat being corrected.
- 17 4. *Completeness Review.* Completeness Review procedures are the same as those for a Preliminary Plan.
- 19 5. Plat Requirements. Confirmatory Plats shall be at the same scale as the original record
 20 plat. The plan shall include an approval/signature blocks for the Department of Land Use
 21 and Growth Management, and all agencies that signed the original plat. The plan and
 22 accompanying documents shall be in accordance with the Confirmatory Plat checklist.
 23 The Plat may consist of one or more sheets and shall contain the following:
 - a. The plat shall be identical to the original plat, except for those elements being corrected.
 - b. All original General Notes must be shown, along with an additional note describing the purpose of the Confirmatory Plat and description of elements being corrected.

30.14. Private Roads.

- 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of shared driveway and private road standards is to provide options to retain rural character, reduce costs, and to allow more control, security, and sense of identity when public roads are not needed for circulation. These standards are intended to provide for the safety of the property owners by requiring adequate access for fire, emergency, medical and law enforcement vehicles. It provides for the continued uninterrupted use of the access for all of the owners by establishing a durable roadway and easement, and assigns responsibility for continued maintenance of the access.
- There shall be no private roads nor any private easement used for the purpose of primary access to any lot unless constructed and maintained in accordance with the following:
 - a. Private roads may be provided for in accordance with the standards set forth in Section 6 below. The plat and any deed conveying any lot or lots served by private road or private easement must contain an acknowledgment by the owner that the County shall have no liability for such roads and such acknowledgment must also be included on the record plat and in the deed transferring the lot in

1 2 3 4			Maint Use a	to notify a purchaser of a lot in a subdivision on a private road. A Road tenance Agreement meeting the requirements of the Department of Land and Growth Management shall be recorded with the Final Subdivision Plat by private road in a subdivision.	
12/18/12 5 6	3.	<i>Exemptions.</i> Private right-of-ways recorded before May 13, 2002 may serve up to seven (7) lots without complying with this section.			
7 8 9	4.	lot(s)	<i>ily Conveyance Provisions</i> : The Planning Commission may approve an additional on a private road for purposes of a family conveyance, providing the following irements are met:		
10 11		a.		ale or transfer of such lot(s) shall be limited to the property owner(s) of d on or before May 25, 2004.	
12 13 14		b.		ot to be conveyed shall only be conveyed to a family member, being father, er, son, daughter, grandfather, grandmother, grandson, or granddaughter of rantor.	
15		c.	A family member shall not receive more than one lot.		
16 17 18 19		d.	accon	property owner shall demonstrate that the private road is adequate to a modate the additional traffic generated by the lot(s). Private roads created in a property being subdivided shall meet the private road standards of this nance.	
20 21 22		e.	the gr	approval of a family conveyance, and prior to the recordation of the plat, rantor of the family conveyance shall enter into an agreement with the ty that:	
23			(1)	contains the grantor's obligations under this section;	
24			(2)	is recorded in the land records of St. Mary's County;	
25			(3)	is noted on the subdivision plat; and	
26 27 28 29			(4)	prohibits the grantee from transferring the conveyed lot to a third party for at least five years from the date of final approval of the family conveyance, except in a case of severe hardship, as determined by the Director of Land Use and Growth Management.	
30		f.	Acces	ss on and use of the private road must be assured by the property owner.	
31 32 33		g.	_	antee of a lot created by these provisions may not be a grantee in another eyance in the same subdivision or any other subdivision using these sions.	
34 35		h.		provisions of this section shall not prohibit the conveyance of interest in a lot mird party as security for a mortgage or deed of trust.	
36	5.	Gener	al Prov	isions.	
37 38 39 40 41		a.	respons	rivate roads, the design vehicle shall be an emergency nse/service/delivery-type vehicle (30-foot single unit truck). For local s, the design vehicle shall be a school bus. For higher classification and nercial streets, the design vehicle shall be a tractor trailer/ladder truck-type le (WB-50).	

b. Private roads shall be included in an overall development plan and shall be 1 approved by the Planning Commission and/or Director of Land Use and Growth 2 3 Management Subdivisions consisting of seven (7) residential lots or less, or farmstead 12/18/124c. subdivisions, may be served by a private road. All subdivisions, except 5 farmsteads and lots approved through the family conveyance provisions of this 6 7 Ordinance, proposed with eight (8) lots, or more, shall be served by public roads 8 in accordance with the provisions contained herein. 9 d. A Private Road Maintenance Agreement for private roads, access easements to farmstead lots, and shared driveways shall be recorded with the record plat. 10 Minimum safe stopping sight distance shall be assured with information provided 11 e. by the design engineer. 12 f. In the event that the maximum allowable number of lots having access is 13 exceeded, or is otherwise approved by a variance, all further divisions of land 14 must front on a public road and are subject to the regulations and standards for 15 16 public roads. 17 Private roads shall normally intersect with a public road; must have no other g. 18 public or private streets dependent upon it for access; and must serve no traffic except that associated with the lots having direct driveway access to it. 19 h. There shall be no more than one driveway connection from any site or lot to any 20 21 street, except where separate entrances and exit driveways may be necessary to 22 safeguard against hazards and to avoid congestion. Additional driveways should 23 also be considered for large tracts and uses of extensive scope, if traffic flow on adjacent roads will be facilitated by the additional connections. 24 25 i. Where topographic and other conditions are reasonably usable, provision should be made for circulation driveway connections to adjoining lots of similar existing 26 27 or potential use when such driveway connections will facilitate fire protection services or when such driveway will enable the public to travel between two 28 29 existing or potential uses, open to the public generally, without need to travel 30 upon a public road. Driveways into site should have proper grades and alignments, as well as 31 j. transition grades and sight distances, for safe, convenient and efficient access and 32 should meet the public road right-of-way and travel ways of the public road in a 33 34 manner that conforms with the provisions of this Ordinance. 35 6. **Design Standards.** In addition to the private road standards shown above and in Table 30.14.6, the following shall apply: 36 Easements. Shared driveways and private roads shall reserve easements 37 a. immediately adjacent and parallel to the private right-of-way of at least ten feet 38 39 (10') in width on both sides of the right-of-way. The easement shall be utilized 40 by public utilities, including but not limited to the installation of electric, gas, telephone, water, sewer and cable television service, together with the right to 41 trim interfering trees and brush, together with a perpetual right of ingress and 42 egress for installation, maintenance and replacement of such lines. 43 b. Road Names. Approved private road name suffixes shall be Place, Path, Terrace, 44 45 Circle, Lane, Loop, Alley and Way. Sign type and placement shall be in accordance with the Manual of Design and Construction Standards.

1 Vertical Clearance. A minimum unobstructed vertical clearance of fourteen feet c. 2 (14') shall be provided. 3 d. Turnouts. There shall be areas where two vehicles can easily pass each other at least every 500-600 feet. Turnouts shall be provided every 1,000 feet to 4 accommodate the turnaround movements of emergency and other service-type 5 vehicles. 6 Materials. A maximum of seven (7) residential lots shall be served by a private 12/18/12 7 e. road, except for farmstead lots, for which there is no maximum. Residential 9 single lot and shared driveways serving up to seven (7) lots should be constructed using a minimum of a four inch thick layer of compacted aggregate base. A 10 double surface treatment is recommended in light traffic situations to ensure a 11 dust-less surface. 12 f. Corner Clearance. In general, for commercial and industrial developments, no 13 internal access connection may be proposed within 40' of the intersection with 14 the entrance and the adjacent collector road. Unless the applicant demonstrates 15 practical difficulty, all proposed commercial and industrial developments greater 16 than 100,000 square feet shall provide a minimum corner clearance of 250 feet 17 from an arterial public roadway. 18 $_{12/18/12}19$ Dimensions. Private roads shall be constructed with two-foot wide unimproved g. shoulders. With-in a minimum 22' ROW the minimum horizontal radius for 20 private roads serving up to seven (7) lots shall be 90 feet (90'). 21 22 h. Location. Driveways for new corner lots shall be located at least 80 feet from an 23 intersection of two (2) public roads. 24 i. Paving. For commercial and industrial developments, an all weather surface shall be designed and certified by the submitting engineer to ensure the pavement 25 section is adequate to accommodate the site generated traffic, sub-grade 26 conditions, vehicle loading, and design vehicle turning movements. 27 j. Entrances and Access. 28 (1) Entrances onto a public road shall be constructed in accordance with the 29 Department of Public Works and Transportation Manual of Design and 30 Construction Standards, as amended from time to time, and the 31 provisions contained herein. 32 (2) Residential driveway access shall be limited to cul-de-sacs, local roads 33 and minor collector roads. Multi-family and cluster subdivisions shall 34 have direct access to a public road. 35 (3) Direct residential access to major collectors and arterials shall be 36 permitted only when no feasible alternative exists. In such cases, a 37 minimum separation between driveways and/or entrances of 150 feet, 38 39 measured from centerline shall be maintained. 40 (4) Visibility of a driveway crossing a road right-of-way line shall not be impaired between a height of 2.5 feet and 7 feet for a depth of 5 feet 41 from the street property line, as viewed from the edge of the right-of-way 42 on either side of the driveway at a distance of 50 feet or at the nearest 43 property line intersecting the street property line, whichever is less. 44

1 (5) Commercial and industrial entrances shall be constructed in accordance with State Highway Administration practices, standards established in 2 3 this Ordinance and any applicable guidelines, Table 30.11.6, or plates approved by the Director of Public Works and Transportation. 4 (6) Construction entrances must be installed prior to any activity on the site. 5 6 (7) All entrances shall be designed with sufficient capacity to minimize queuing of entering vehicles on any road or street. 7 Driveway entrances shall not be constructed in or partially in any 8 (8) 9 intersection fillet and should be located so as to provide safe and efficient 10 traffic operations. Where less than 30 feet of separation is provided between the centerlines of adjacent residential driveways, a shared 11 entrance shall be provided. 12 (9) The minimum entrance width for joint-use driveways shall be 18 feet for 13 the first twenty-five feet (25'). The remainder of the shared driveway 14 shall be a minimum of sixteen feet (16') in width. The remainder of any 15 driveway serving one dwelling unit may be decreased to ten feet (10') in 16 width. 17 18 (10)A separate driveway entrance pipe schedule shall be required and shown on the design plans for all individual and shared driveways whose 19 20 corresponding ditch flow exceeds five cubic feet per second (5cfs). 21 (11)Shared driveway entrances shall be bonded before plat recordation and 22 installed by the applicant prior to Use and Occupancy Permit for any lots served by the entrance. 23 24 k. Disclosure. Disclosure shall be given to purchasers of lots served by private right-of-ways in accordance with the Subdivision Regulations indicating that lots 25 served by private right-of-ways shall not be maintained by the County, nor shall 26 said private right-of-ways be considered for acceptance into the County 27 Highways Maintenance System until such is improved to the appropriate County 28 Road Standards at the individual lot owner(s) expense. The record plat shall be 29 30 required to contain similar language prior to approval.

$_{12/18/12}$ 1 Table 30.14.6. Private Road Standards.

Road Type	Design Speed	Minimum Travel Way Width (ft.)	Min. Horizontal Radius (ft.)	Additional Standards
Private Road	20 mph	18'	90'	Minimum ROW 22' Seven (7) lot maximum
Shared Driveways	none	18'	50'	Shall serve a maximum of three (3) residential lots
Commercial (One-way)	ercial (One- 20 mph		90'	Increase width to 15' for circulation and perimeter access
Commercial (Two-way)	20 mph	22'	90'	For ADT < 1500 vehicles, otherwise 30' width is required

2 30.15. Subdivision Design Standards.

- 3 Subdivision design shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Comprehensive Plan and
- 4 Section 62 of the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance. Lot and Right-of-way Requirements.

1. Lot Design.

- a. Lot Dimensions. Lot size, width, shape and orientation shall be appropriate for the location and the type of development or use proposed for the subdivision, taking into account that standards of the districts where the subdivision is located, the recommendations of the TEC and any approved or adopted local, County, State or federal plan determined applicable by the Planning Commission. Irregularly shaped lots that in the opinion of the Planning Commission are created for the purpose of circumventing a regulation of this Ordinance are prohibited. Irregularly shaped lots, discontiguous tracts identified as one lot, or other configurations which provide in the opinion of the Planning Commission necessary land solely to meet the on-site sewage disposal or access requirements of this Ordinance, are also prohibited. These provisions do not apply to existing lots of record.
- b. Lot Frontage on Private Roads or Driveways. Every residential lot shall abut on a street or road which has been dedicated to public use or which has acquired the status of a public road, except as permitted to be located on a private road, as set forth at Section 30.11.14, above.
- c. Driveway and Intersection Separation/access shall be as provided in Section 30.11.14, above.
 - (1) Hardship exemption. In cases where a hardship is demonstrated, the Planning Commission may modify the separation required, provided that any modification does not create an operational or safety hazard based on

Page 30-19

recommendations by the Director of the Department of Public Works & 1 2 Transportation. 3 d. Side Lines. Side lines of interior lots shall be roughly perpendicular to the street line, or radial to a curved street line, unless determined by the Planning 4 Commission that a variation from this rule will result in a more functional layout. 5 6 e. Double Frontage Lots. Double frontage lots, meaning a block having only 1 tier 7 of lots between 2 streets or roads, should access the lower classification roadway and shall not be approved except where unusual topography, orientation or the 8 9 size of the subdivision permit no other feasible way to subdivide. 2. Right-of-way Design. 10 General Provisions. The general road design standards established in the St. 11 a. 12 Mary's County Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance shall apply to rural and urban roads and represent the minimum acceptable design standards. 13 Mapped Roads or Streets. Subdivision plats shall include roads and streets 14 b. identified on the Comprehensive Plan, or its subsequently adopted amendments. 15 Where applicable, such plats shall include applicable recommendations of the 16 State Highway Administration related to state roads and access thereto. 17 18 c. Continuation of Roads. The subdivision plat shall provide for continuation of any existing roads or streets, whether constructed or recorded, in accordance with the 19 requirements of this Ordinance, unless otherwise determined by the Planning 20 21 Commission. No road, separated from a county maintained road or a road 22 maintained by any other public agency shall be improved or accepted by the Board of County Commissioners unless suitable connecting road to the existing 23 road is improved to meet public road standards. 24 25 d. Interparcel Access. Unless prohibited by environmental constraint streets shall be extended to the property line to give opportunity for access to adjacent 26 27 parcels. Streets and rights of way shall be aligned and connection constructed to a street or right of way that has been extended to the property line on an adjacent 28 29 parcel. 30 e. Secondary Residential Streets. Secondary residential streets shall be planned to discourage their use by non-local traffic. 31 f. 32 Dedication of Right-of-Way. Where public roadway improvements are officially planned, the Department of Public Works and Transportation may require that 33 34 additional right-of-way shall be dedicated to the Board of County 35 Commissioners. The designation of street name suffixes shall be standardized in accordance with 36 g. the Road Naming Manual. 37 3. Future Subdivision. A tract proposed for subdivision into large parcels with the 38 39 possibility or intention of future subdivision (rather than immediate development) shall 40 be divided so as to allow for future opening of streets and such further logical subdivision as can be foreseen. 41 4. Vacating Rights-of-way. The Department of Public Works and Transportation shall not 42 43 recommend vacating of any street dedicated to and accepted by the public if it will adversely affect the proper functioning of the existing street system or a future street plan 44

1 prepared by, or approved by, the Planning Commission or Board of County Commissioners. 2 3 30.16. Public Improvement and Infrastructure Requirements. 4 1. Dedication and Construction of Roads, Sidewalks and Related Improvements. 5 Public Roads with appurtenant sidewalks, drainage, street trees, and other integral facilities in each new subdivision, must be constructed by the applicant 6 7 in accordance with the standards and specifications in the St. Mary's County Road Ordinance. 8 9 b. The minimum length of a public road shall be two hundred and fifty (250) feet. 10 2. *Monuments.* The applicant shall place a minimum of two (2) permanent reference monuments in the subdivision. Monuments shall be located at 2 property corners, shall 11 be shown on the record plat, shall be spaced as far apart as possible but be within sight of 12 a single point. 13 Monuments shall be located on street right-of-way lines, at street intersections, 14 a. angle points of curve or block corners. They shall be spaced as far apart as 15 possible but that both are within sight of a single point, the sight lines being 16 contained wholly within the street limits. 17 18 b. Such permanent reference monuments shall be stone or concrete at least 18 inches in length and 4 inches square or have a 4-inch diameter with suitable 19 center point and shall be set flush with the ground. 20 21 3. Storm Drainage and Overlot Grading. Applicant shall provide stormwater management, drainage and grading improvements according to the requirements of The St. Mary's 22 23 County Stormwater Management, Grading, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance. The storm water drainage system shall be separate and independent of any 24 a. sanitary sewer system. 25 Dedication of Drainage Easements. 26 b. Where a development is traversed by a natural drainage course or stream, 27 (1) there shall be provided a drainage easement, a minimum of 50 feet in 28 width, conforming substantially with the line of such watercourse for the 29 purpose of maintaining, improving, or protecting such drainage facilities. 30 This easement area shall be designed to the 100-year flood plain level. 31 32 (2) Required storm drainage easements and surface drainage easements 33 should be identified and recorded as a part of the record plat. Maintenance responsibilities for surface drainage easements shall be 34 identified as the landowner or respective home owners association where 35 applicable. 36 The applicant shall dedicate, either in fee or by drainage easement of 37 (3) land on both sides of existing watercourses, to a distance to be 38 39 determined by the Planning Commission on recommendation of the Director of Department of Public Works and Transportation. 40 Where topography or other conditions are such as to make impractical 41 (4) the inclusion of drainage facilities within road rights-of-way, perpetual 42 unobstructed easements at least 20 feet in width for such drainage 43 facilities shall be provided across property outside the road right-of-way

and with satisfactory traversable access to the road. Easements shall be 1 clearly indicated on the plat with metes and bounds. Drainage easements 2 shall be carried from the road to a natural watercourse or to other 3 4 drainage facilities and be adequate to accommodate the top width of the design flow, access and maintenance requirements. 5 (5) When a proposed drainage system will carry water across private land 6 outside the subdivision, appropriate drainage rights must be secured and 7 8 indicated on the plat with the respective recordation information. 9 c. Maintenance within Drainage Easements 10 (1) The applicant shall establish a maintenance easement in favor of the County that extends a minimum of 10 feet beyond the limits of drainage 11 12 improvements. All areas of the drainage easement outside this maintenance easement shall remain the responsibility of the landowner. 13 Adjustments in roadway grades, culvert or storm drain design may be 14 (2) required in order to limit the easement areas requiring maintenance by 15 the County and to reduce headwater impacts on adjacent/abutting 16 17 properties. 18 4. Right-of-way, Drainage, and Slope Easements. If subdivision approval is applied for with lots abutting road rights-of-way, which are less than standard width for the proposed 19 20 type of roadway, the developer will be required to dedicate the additional right-of-way, drainage, and slope easements necessary to obtain the necessary width. Permanent 21 easements will be required for perpetual maintenance by the County. Temporary 22 23 easements may be obtained for the required clearing and grading needed to construct the 24 permitted improvements. 25 5. Water and Sewer Systems. 26 Community water supply and sewage disposal. Installation of community water 27 supply and sewage disposal shall be designed, constructed and dedicated in accordance with the St. Mary's County Comprehensive Water Sewage Plan. 28 Community water and sewerage systems shall be designed and constructed in 29 30 accordance with the St. Mary's County Metropolitan Commission Sewerage Use 31 Ordinance, St. Mary's County Metropolitan Commission Standards Specifications for Water and Sewerage Construction, and any other requirement 32 set forth in this Ordinance. 33 34 b. Private wells and septic systems. Private wells and septic systems may be approved subject to the requirements of the Health Department and Maryland 35 Department of the Environment in areas where community water and sewerage 36 systems are not permitted, required or available according to the St. Mary's 37 County Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan. 38 All sewage reserve areas (SRA) for new residential lots shall be located within 39 c. 40 the boundaries of the lot the SRA is designed to serve, or for new commercial lots within ½ mile of the new commercial lot. This shall not apply to existing 41 lots of record. 42 d. 43 New sewage reserve areas to serve proposed lots shall not be located within Sensitive Areas as defined in Chapter 71 of the St. Mary's County 44 Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance. 45

No new subdivision may be approved unless the lots will be served by a water and wastewater disposal system as required by the St. Mary's County Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, as amended.

4 6. *Utilities*.

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- a. The applicant is responsible for installing telephone and electric lines. Prior to recording, the applicant must show evidence from the appropriate utilities that sufficient lines exist, or that satisfactory arrangements have been made to have necessary lines installed.
- b. Public utility easements of a minimum total of 10 feet in width shall be provided along all lot property lines as may be required. Proper coordination shall be made between the applicant and the utility company/authority for the establishment of utility easements along adjoining properties/lots. A utility access to each lot must be shown on the plat of all subdivisions.
- 7. *Street Lights and Traffic Control Signal Warrants.* The applicant shall provide street lights in accordance with the requirements and standards prescribed in the Road Ordinance.
- 17 8. *Adequate Public Facilities.* All adequate public facilities requirements shall be met as provided in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.
- Installation of Improvements. All public improvements and infrastructure shall be
 completed or assured as provided in the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, the Road
 Ordinance and the Stormwater Management, Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinances.
- 22 10. *Streetscape Improvements.* Streetscape improvements shall be in accordance with the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.

24 11. Transit Bus Shelters.

a. All Major Subdivisions shall make provisions for school and transit bus shelters. Where a curb and gutter are present, there shall be a minimum of four feet clearance from the face of the curb to any portion of the bus shelter. Where no curb is present the front of the bus shelter shall be at least ten feet from the edge of the main traveled roadway. Transit bus shelters may not be located within five feet of any fire hydrant or handicapped parking space and shall be at least 300 feet from another bus shelter.

CHAPTER 31 OPEN SPACE RESERVATION, DEDICATION AND FEES IN LIEU

Sections:

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- 3 31.1 Purpose.
- 4 31.2 Reservation and Dedication Requirements.
- 5 31.3 Minimum Recreational Site Dedication for Public Use.
- 6 31.4 Areas Unsuitable for Public Use.
- 7 31.5 Dedication Following Approval.
- 8 31.6 Reservation of Lands for Private Use.
- 9 31.7 Alternative Procedure.
- 10 31.8 Appeals.

11 **31.1.** Purpose.

- 12 The purpose of this Chapter is to establish standards and procedures for establishing developed
- 13 recreational open space within new subdivisions which may either be held in private ownership
- 14 (individual and residential developments, or Homeowner's Association, etc.) or dedicated to
- public ownership as determined by the Planning Commission upon recommendation of the
- 16 Department of Recreation and Parks.

17 **31.2.** Reservation and Dedication Requirements.

1. **Developed Recreational Open Space.** The minimum area of land within each subdivision, multi-family development, or planned development to be platted as reserved and maintained as developed recreational open space, or dedicated for parks, playgrounds or other recreational uses shall be calculated as provided in Schedule 31.2.1.

Schedule 31. 2.1: REQUIRED USABLE AND DEVELOPED RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE DEDICATIONS

Number of units in the development (based on residential use types)	Useable Open Space	Developed Recreational Open Space within Useable Open Space
Residential use types having 1-24 units	Exempt, except as required per §31.2.2.a below	Planning Commission discretion in accordance with standards of this Chapter
Residential use types having 25 or more units	2,000 square feet per unit*	10% of Useable Open Space; developed per standards of this Chapter.

^{*} An open space credit as determined by the Planning Commission may be granted if a project is connected by a continuous sidewalk to an improved public park that is located within ¼ mile.

- 2. **Developed Recreational Open Space Standards.** The purpose of these requirements is to ensure that open space and basic recreational facilities are available on suitable land at appropriate locations within residential communities. These requirements are being kept to a minimum in order to enable the applicant to design specialized recreational facilities.
 - a. Reservation and development of land dedicated for trails, greenways, and parks. For all development proposals, in the event that a development tract includes areas which have been identified in an officially adopted plan as part or all of a potential trail, greenway or park, these areas shall be included as a separate outparcel designated for use as usable open space. Trail design and construction

1 2 3 4 5 6		develop tract ma or site p outparc	oment en ay be rec plan app cel shall	velope quired by roval. O be nego	d connection of that trail to sidewalks within the and on lands and rights of way adjacent to the subdivision y the Planning Commission as a condition of subdivision wnership and management of the usable open space tiated between the applicant and the County or a County was basis.
7 8	b.		eloped recreation areas may be any combination of the following as rmined by the Planning Commission and the minimum standards shall apply:		
9 10 11 12		(1)	Miniparks, Tot Lots and Children's Play areas: Provided as informal outdoor seating areas close to home and at scattered locations throughout the community; to provide safe, enclosed outdoor spaces for preschoolers to play under adult supervision.		
13			(a)	Minim	um Standards:
14 15			()	i.	Seating areas/preschool play areas – Minimum 15 square feet per unit.
16 17				ii.	15 square feet per unit but in no case less than 400 square feet.
18 19 20 21 22 23			(b)	approv essentia persons define	variety of sizes and designs of miniparks may be ed provided they meet the purposes outlined above. The al elements are: (a) permanent seating for three to six s, (b) landscaping to provide shade and amenities and to and enclose the boundaries of the space and (c) well-d locations.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33			(c)	general minimu adjacer small n should commu to enab or parti	rks may be as small as 10 feet by 12 feet and should ally be no larger than 1600 square feet. The majority of the am required square footage is to be provided directly at to unit clusters. Building offsets may be used to create miniparks (i.e., courtyards, squares). At least one minipark be located adjacent to waterfront, tennis courts, unity centers or other centralized recreation areas in order adults to "keep an eye on the children" while watching cipating in sports activities and/or to provide adults with unities for passive recreation in a social setting.
34 35 36 37		(2)	to home	e for chi	ving Fields: Green spaces provided for informal play close ldren. Fields may also serve as net games area, "village unity house lawns and general open space. Playing fields insidered as community "back yards".
38 39			(a)		nore units: 150 square feet per unit but in no case less than square feet.
40 41 42 43 44 45			(b)	areas c units th accessi roads;	e level, open ground, good drainage; with no sensitive entrally located and visible from some of the residential lat the playing field is intended to serve, and must be ble to children without crossing arterials or collector must not be adjacent to public roads unless physical is adequate for the safety of children are provided.

1 (c) Exceptions: Variations in sizes and dimensions of playing fields may be approved provided they meet the purpose and criteria for 2 3 recreation Paved Areas: Provide facilities and space for activities such as basketball 4 (3) practice, handball practice, shuffleboard, roller skating, outdoor dances, 5 formal net games, for all ages. 6 Construction and materials specifications to be approved by the 7 (a) Division of Recreation and Parks. 8 9 Must be visible from residential units and/or public areas. Must have good drainage. 10 North/South orientation is strongly encouraged. 11 The remainder of the active recreation area may be developed as village greens, 12 c. outdoor theatre, concert areas, gazebos, greenways, hiking/biking trails, fitness 13 trails, parks or other appropriate uses. Bonus density and/or intensity for Amenity 14 Space provided within developed recreational space may be sought per the 15 Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance, Schedule 32.2. 16 d. Approval of all developed recreational open space will be based on 17 appropriateness to the population being served, location, and design. 18 The Planning Commission may require the dedication or reservation of land areas in 19 3. excess of the minimum required by Schedule 31.2.1. In determining whether to require 20 21 the dedication or reservation of more area than is minimally required, the Planning Commission shall consider the following: 22 The recommendations of adopted plans prepared by local, County, State and 23 a. federal agencies applicable to the potential public land; 24 25 b. The physical, social and economic circumstances existing where the County subdivision is located; 26 The size and character of the proposed subdivision; 27 c. The benefits to the public and residents of the proposed subdivision to be derived 28 d. from requiring dedication of land, and 29 30 4. The Planning Commission may approve transfer of ownership of reserved or dedicated lands to the County, a homeowners association or land conservation group. In all cases 31 where the dedicated land is to remain under the private ownership of the applicant or its 32 successors, the applicant shall submit appropriate and specific arrangements for the 33 34 perpetual management and maintenance of such land for Planning Commission approval. 35 31.3. Minimum Recreational Site Dedication for Public Use. In general, land reserved or dedicated for publicly owned recreational uses shall be part of an area 36 37 identified in an officially adopted plan as part or all of a potential trail, greenway or park, or have a minimum area of 10 acres. Less than 10 acres may be accepted if the area adjoins an existing or 38 proposed park and the Recreation and Parks Department recommends inclusion of the land in the 39 County's park system. If the publicly owned recreational open space area is less than 10 acres, 40 41 the Planning Commission, upon endorsement by the Recreation and Parks Advisory Board may

require that areas be located at a suitable place on the edge of the subdivision to allow for the

possibility of adding land at such time as the adjacent land is subdivided.

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31.4. Areas Unsuitable for Public Use.

- 2 The Planning Commission shall have the final authority in determining whether land proposed for
- dedication to public use is suitable for such uses. The Planning Commission may either refuse to
- 4 approve the dedication, or it may require the rearrangement of lots in the proposed subdivision or
- 5 residential development to provide for an acceptable alternative site (or sites) for public use. In its
- determination of whether a site is suitable for public use, the Planning Commission shall consider
- 7 the following factors:

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- Any criteria for the intended public use adopted by the Department of Recreation and Parks;
- 10 2. The natural features of the proposed site; and
- The location and shape of the proposed site in relation to existing, planned or proposed public amenities in the area of the land proposed for dedication.
- 13 In its evaluation of the natural features of a site proposed for public use by the applicant, the
- Planning Commission may require the applicant, at the applicant's expense, to perform soil
- borings or provide other detailed topographical/subsurface information not otherwise required by
- this section. Such information provided to the Planning Commission must be certified by the
- applicant's engineer. Unless the applicant agrees to pay for the necessary site preparation costs,
- 18 the Planning Commission may refuse a site if the Planning Commission determines that the
- 19 natural features of the site will require significant site preparation work (such as extensive
- 20 excavation of rock, extensive grading or grading of steep slopes, remedial environmental
- 21 measures, or similar work) to prepare the site for the intended public use.

22 31.5. Dedication Following Approval.

- 23 Whenever the dedication of land to public use is approved by, the Planning Commission the
- 24 applicant shall formally dedicate the land to the County by written instrument in recordable form
- satisfactory to the County Attorney.

26 31.6. Reservation of Lands for Private Use.

- 27 If the applicant does not propose the dedication of recreational open space lands for public use or
- 28 such an offer dedication is rejected by the Planning Commission, the lands shall be reserved for
- 29 the use and enjoyment of lot owners or residents of the proposed subdivision or residential
- development. The applicant shall submit proof satisfactory to the Planning Commission that the
- recreational open space lands will be permanently reserved for the beneficial use and enjoyment
- of lot owners or residents. The recreational open space lands so reserved shall be conveyed to a
- homeowners association and the applicant shall make satisfactory provision for the financial
- responsibility of the association. All covenants, deeds, and restrictions regarding the lands so
- reserved shall be in recordable form and shall be approved as to form and sufficiency by the
- 36 County Attorney.

37 31.7. Alternative Procedure.

- 38 Money in lieu of land may be required by the Planning Commission upon the recommendation of
- 39 the Recreation and Parks Board. Such contributions shall be made in an amount and at a time as
- 40 specified by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners.

41 **31.8.** Appeals.

- 42 The applicant shall appeal any reservation or dedication required by the Planning Commission to
- 43 the Board of Appeals, within thirty (30) days of the Planning Commission's decision.

ARTICLE 4. ENFORCEMENT

CHAPTER 40 ENFORCEMENT

3 Sections:

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- 5 40.1 Actions in Violation of this Ordinance.
- 6 40.2 Procedure for Prosecution of Violations.
- 7 40.3 Actions to Remedy Violations.
- 8 40.4 Penalties.
 - 40.5 Conflict of Laws.

It shall be the duty of the Planning Director to enforce this Ordinance and to take action as set forth in the Ordinance necessary to abate violations and achieve compliance. The Planning Director may bring to the attention of the Planning Commission, Board of County

Commissioners, or County Attorney any violations or lack of compliance herewith.

40.1. Actions in Violation of this Ordinance.

- 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, whether as owner, principal, agent, employee or otherwise, to violate any provisions of this Ordinance, to permit any such violation, or to fail to comply with the requirements of this Ordinance, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. To erect any building, structure, or sign, or to construct, reconstruct, alter, repair, convert or maintain any building, structure or sign or other improvement contrary to any of the provisions of this Ordinance or to use operate or maintain any building, structure, sign or land contrary to any provision of this Ordinance.
- b. To transfer or sell any parcel in a proposed subdivision before a plat of such subdivision has been approved by the Planning Commission in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and filed for recordation with the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of St. Mary's County.
- 27 c. To subdivide any lot or any parcel of land, by the use of metes and bounds 28 description for the purpose of sale, transfer, or lease without complying with the 29 requirements of this Ordinance.
- To fail, after percolation tests have been taken, to ensure that the test hole is covered or backfilled, immediately and completely.
- It shall be unlawful for any lessee to use the leased premises for any activity not permitted for under this Ordinance.

40.2. Procedure for Prosecution of Violations.

- Upon becoming aware of any violation of this Ordinance, the Planning Director may serve notice of such violation on the person committing or permitting the same, and if such violation has not ceased within the time specified by the Planning Director, the Planning Director shall institute such action as may be necessary to terminate the violation.
- The Planning Director or his designees may serve a citation noting a municipal civil infraction to a person believed to be committing or permitting a violation of this Ordinance or the owner(s) of record of the property where the violation occurs. A copy of the citation shall be retained by the Planning Director and shall bear a certification attesting to the truth of the matters set forth therein. The citation shall contain:

- 1 a. The name and address of the person charged;
- 2 b. The nature of the violation;
- 3 c. The place and time of the violation;
- d. The amount of the fine assessed;
- 5 e. The manner, location, and time in which the fine may be paid; and
- 6 f. The person's right to elect to stand trial in the District Court of St. Mary's County for the violation.
- 8 3. A person who receives a citation may elect to stand trial for the offense in the District 9 Court of St. Mary's County, by filing a notice of intent to stand trial. The notice shall be 10 given at least five days before the date of payment as set forth in the citation. On receipt 11 of the notice of intention to stand trial, the Planning Director shall forward to the District Court a copy of the citation and the notice. On receipt of the citation, the District Court 12 shall schedule the case for trial and notify the defendant of the trial date. All fines, 13 penalties, or forfeitures collected by the District Court for violations shall be remitted to 14 15 St. Mary's County.
- 4. If a person who receives a citation for a violation fails to pay the fine by the date of 16 17 payment set forth on the citation and fails to file a notice of intention to stand trial, a formal notice of the violation shall be sent to the person's last known address. If the 18 citation is not satisfied within 15 days from the date of the notice, the person is liable for 19 an additional fine not to exceed twice the original fine. If, after 35 days, the citation is 20 21 not satisfied, the zoning official may request adjudication of the case through the District 22 Court. The District Court shall schedule the case for trial and summon the cited person to 23 appear.
- Adjudication of a violation under this section is not a criminal conviction, nor does it impose any of the civil disabilities ordinarily imposed by a criminal conviction.
- 26 6. In a proceeding before the District Court, the violation shall be prosecuted in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth for municipal infractions in Article 23A, Section 3(b)(8) through (15) of the Maryland Annotated Code.
- 7. If a person is found by the District Court to have committed a municipal infraction violation, that person shall be liable for the costs of the proceedings in the District Court in addition to the fine(s) levied.

32 40.3. Actions to Remedy Violations.

- In addition to the imposition of any monetary penalties provided in this Ordinance, the County
- may initiate an injunction, mandamus, or any other appropriate action to prevent the erection,
- 35 construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, conversion, maintenance, sale or use in violation
- of any provision of this Ordinance, to restrain, correct, or abate the violation; to prevent the
- occupancy of the building, structure or land which is the subject of the violation, or to prevent
- any illegal act, conduct, business, or use in or about the premises. Except in the event of an
- 39 emergency, private dwellings shall require appointment prior to entry.

40.4. Penalties.

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1. Pursuant to Article 66B, 7.01 of the Maryland Annotated Code, the Board of County
Commissioners may provide for civil penalties for any violation of this Ordinance by
establishing a schedule of fines. Each day in which any such violation occurs, or in
which such person fails to perform the duties required of him or to comply with the
provisions of those sections, shall constitute a separate offense. Any person who violates

- a provision of this Ordinance shall become liable to the County for any expense, loss, or damage occasioned by the County by reason of such violation.
- 3 40.5. Conflict of Laws.
- 4 If the provisions of any other law, ordinance, or regulation of the County or the State shall be in
- 5 conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance, the more stringent or restrictive provision shall
- 6 control.

ARTICLE 5. DEFINITIONS

2 CHAPTER 50 DEFINITIONS

- 3 Accessory Structure, Building or Use. A building or use that is all of the following: a) constructed or
- 4 located on the same zoning lot as the principal main building is or use served, except as may be specifically
- 5 provided elsewhere in this Ordinance; b) clearly incidental to, subordinate in purpose to, and serving the
- 6 principal use; and c) either in the same ownership as the principal structure, building or use or is clearly
- operated and maintained solely for the comfort, convenience, necessity, or benefit of the occupants,
- 8 employees, customers, or visitors of the principal use.
- 9 **Basement.** That portion of a building having more than one-half (1/2) of its height below lot grade
- 10 elevation.

- Bona-Fide Agricultural Use or Activity. In the Critical Area agriculture means all methods of production
- 12 and management of livestock, crops, vegetation, and soil. This includes, but is not limited to, the related
- 13 activities of tillage, fertilization, pest control, harvesting, and marketing. It also includes, but is not limited
- to, the activities of feeding, housing, and maintaining of animals such as cattle, dairy cows, sheep, goats,
- 15 hogs, horses, and poultry and handling their by-products. Outside the Critical Area agriculture means
- 16 farming activities including plowing, tillage, cropping, installation of best management practices, seeding,
- 17 cultivating, and harvesting for production of food and fiber products (except commercial logging and
- 18 timber harvesting operations), the grazing and raising of livestock, aquaculture, sod production, orchards,
- 19 nursery, and other products cultivated as part of a recognized commercial enterprise.
- 20 **Building, Detached**. A building surrounded by an open space on the same lot.
- 21 **Boundary Line Adjustment Plat.** A plat which has the effect of adjusting property boundaries of parcels
- 22 or lots of record.
- 23 Certificate of Occupancy. The certificate issued by the Director of Permits and Inspections or designee
- 24 which permits the use of a building or premises in accordance with the approved plans or permits and the
- 25 provisions of law for the use and occupancy of the building in its several parts, together with any special
- stipulations or conditions of the zoning permit.
- 27 **Cluster Development**. A development concept which encourages and permits variations in residential
- developments by allowing deviation in lot size, type of dwelling, lot coverage and open space from that
- 29 which is normally required in the applicable zoning district. Dwelling units are concentrated in a selected
- area or selected areas of the development tract in order to provide natural habitat or other open space uses
- 31 (including agriculture) on the remainder.
- 32 Community Sewerage System. Any system, whether publicly or privately owned, serving multiple lots,
- dwelling units, businesses, commercial or industrial establishments for the collection, transportation and
- 34 disposal of sewage or industrial wastes of liquid nature, including various devices for the treatment of such
- sewage and industrial wastes, as defined by the Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan.
- 36 Community Water Supply. A source of water and a distribution system, including treatment and storage
- 37 facilities, whether publicly or privately owned, multiple lots, dwelling units, businesses or commercial or
- industrial developments, as defined by the Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan.
- 39 Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plan for St. Mary's County (Quality of Life in St. Mary's
- 40 County A Strategy for the 21st Century), as approved by the Board of County Commissioners, including
- 41 any amendments or extensions.
- 42 Condominium Plat. A plat which described the horizontal and vertical boundaries of a condominium
- regime as required by Article 11-101 of the Real Property title of COMAR.
- 44 Confirmatory Plat. A plat that makes minor corrections to a previously recorded plat that does not
- involve adjustment of any boundary lines or create new lots.
- 46 **County Commissioners.** The Board of County Commissioners for St. Mary's County Maryland.
- 47 **County Road.** A public road or street that is part of the Highway Maintenance System of St. Mary's
- 48 County.

- 1 **County.** The County of St. Mary's, Maryland.
- 2 Critical Area. All lands and waters defined in Section 8-1807 of the Natural Resources Article, Annotated
- 3 Code of Maryland and modification(s), if any, to these areas through inclusions or exclusions proposed by
- 4 the County Commissioners and approved by the Maryland Chesapeake Bay Critical Area Commission as
- 5 specified in said Section 8-1807.
- 6 **Department.** The St Mary's County Department of Land Use and Growth Management.
- 7 **Develop Land**. To change the runoff characteristics of a parcel of land in conjunction with residential,
- 8 industrial, commercial, or institutional construction or alteration.
- 9 **Developable Land.** Land that is unconstrained by such conditions as steep slopes, floodplains, or adverse
- soil or water conditions that preclude development, and that does not have a significant environmental
- resource identified such as wetland or critical riparian habitats.
- 12 **Developed Woodland.** Those area of 1 acre or more in size that predominately contain trees and natural
- 13 vegetation and which also include residential, commercial or industrial structures or uses. On individual
- lots or parcels of less than 1 acre, individual trees, woody vegetation, as well as natural vegetation and
- 15 forests contribute to the developed woodland coverage for the larger vicinity and shall be subject to the
- 16 provisions of this Ordinance.
- 17 **Developer.** A person with freehold, possessory or contractual interest in land proposed for development.
- 18 **Development.** The construction or substantial alteration of open lands, or agricultural, residential,
- 19 commercial, industrial, institutional, or transportation facilities or structures including any man-made
- 20 change to improved or unimproved real estate, including, but not limited to buildings and other structures,
- dredging, fill, grading, paving, clearing, excavation, dumping, extraction, or storage of equipment or
- 22 materials. Development includes the process of subdivision.
- 23 **Development Envelope**. The onsite area used, reserved or dedicated for any and all of the following:
- development lots; zoning setbacks, zoning buffers; rights-of-way or easements established for roads,
- 25 utilities, stormwater management and on-site sewage disposal; areas of lot coverage associated with
- structures, roads, streets, parking, sidewalks; outdoor areas within yards, parks, or landscaped green areas;
- 27 recreational areas; areas cleared or graded, and any additional acreage necessary to meet the development
- requirements of this Ordinance. To the extent practicable, sensitive areas and their environmental buffers, green infrastructure and forest conservation easements should be excluded from the development envelope.
- 30 **Driveway.** A private access road, drive or lane to an individual residence which is contained within the lot
- 31 or parcel and is not intended to serve any other lot or parcel of land.
- Farmstead Lot. An area of 15 acres or more in single ownership, which is a lot of record.
- 33 Frontage Zoning Lot. The length of all the property of such zoning lot fronting on a street measured
- 34 between side lot lines.
- 35 **Immediate Family.** A person who is either the applicant's father, mother, son, daughter, grandfather,
- 36 grandmother, grandson, or granddaughter.
- 37 **Impervious Surfaces**. All buildings, road, parking and driveways, paving, patios, decks, sidewalks,
- 38 stoops, porches, steps, walkways, piers, swimming pools constructed on a lot which reduce the infiltration
- 39 capacity of the land or result in increased storm water runoff. Wooden decks and walkways (or portions
- 40 thereof) elevated above finished grade by minimum of the width of the deck and having shrub or ground
- 41 cover plantings beneath are considered pervious.
- 42 **Loading Space or Loading Berth.** A space within the main building or on the same lot which provides
- for the standing, loading or unloading of trucks or other vehicles.
- 44 **Logo.** A trademark or company name symbol.
- 45 **Lot.** A portion of a subdivision or tract of land having frontage on a street or road which is intended for
- 46 development and which meets the requirements as a legal building site per this Ordinance.

- 1 Lot Area, Gross. The area of a horizontal plane bounded by the front, side, and rear lot lines, but not
- 2 including any area occupied by the waters of a duly recorded lake or river, or State tidal wetlands.
- 3 Lot Depth. The mean horizontal distance between the front lot line and rear lot line of a lot, measured
- 4 within the lot boundaries.
- 5 Lot Line Rear. Any boundary of a lot that is not a front lot line or a side lot line but generally running
- 6 parallel to or opposite of a front lot line.
- 7 Lot Line, Front. That boundary of a lot that is along an existing or dedicated public street, or, where no
- 8 public street exists, is along a public way.
- 9 Lot Line, Side. Any boundary of a lot that is not a front lot line or a rear lot line but generally running
- perpendicular to the front or rear lot lines.
- 11 Lot of Record. A parcel of land which has been legally subdivided and recorded in the Land Records of
- 12 St. Mary's County, Maryland. A parcel is considered to be legally subdivided if it was created using the
- following criteria: A) it was created prior to March 15, 1978; B) it was created by subdivision plat
- 14 approved by the Planning Commission or its administrative personnel; or C) it was an approved deeded
- 15 division as authorized by the subdivision regulations and approved by the Department of Planning and
- 16 Zoning.
- 17 Lot Width. The horizontal distance between the side lot lines of a lot measured at the narrowest width
- within the first 30 feet of lot depth immediately in back of the front yard setback line.
- 19 Lot, Corner. A lot situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets. On a corner lot, the front lot line
- 20 is defined as that lot line which contains the narrowest of all street frontages abutting a public street or
- 21 public/private right-of-way. However, for lots abutting any street designated as minor collector or higher in
- 22 classification, all lot lines abutting such higher order streets shall be deemed front lot lines.
- 23 **Lot, Interior**. A lot other than a corner or reversed corner lot.
- Lot, Reversed Corner. A corner lot, the street side lot line of which is substantially a continuation of the
- front lot line of the first lot to its rear.
- Lot, Through. A lot having a pair of opposite lot lines along two (2) more or less parallel public streets,
- and which is not a corner lot. On a "through lot", both street lines shall be deemed front lot lines.
- 28 Lot, Zoning. A single tract of land located within a single block under contiguous ownership that meets
- 29 the minimum requirements for a permitted use as set forth in the St. Mary's County Comprehensive Zoning
- 30 Ordinance.
- 31 **Mobile Home Park.** Any site, lot, parcel, or tract of land that is improved, used, or intended for the
- 32 accommodation of mobile homes that are used for living purposes.
- 33 **Net Tract Area.** Except in agriculture and resource areas, the net tract area is the total area of a site,
- including both forested and non-forested areas, to the nearest 1/10 acre, reduced by the area found to be
- 35 within the boundaries of the 100-year floodplain. In agriculture and resource areas, the part of the total
- tract for which land use will be changed or will no longer be used for primarily agricultural activities,
- 37 reduced by the area found to be within the boundaries of the 100-year floodplain.
- 38 **Off-Street Loading Facilities.** A site or portion of a site located off of a public road devoted to the
- 39 loading or unloading of motor vehicles or trailers, including loading berths, aisles, access drives, and
- 40 landscaped areas.
- 41 **Off-Street Parking Space**. The space located off of a public road, designed, intended, used or required to
- 42 park one passenger vehicle.
- 43 Open Space Related Terms. Undeveloped Open Space. Land within the tract and outside of the
- 44 development envelope. To the extent practicable, sensitive areas and their environmental buffers, mapped
- 45 green infrastructure, and forest conservation easements outside of lot boundaries should be encompassed by
- 46 required undeveloped open space. The footprint of unpaved hiking trails developed onsite within
- 47 undeveloped open space are not deducted from the area of required Undeveloped Open Space.

- 1 **Usable Open Space**. Outdoor areas within the development envelope open to the sky designed and
- 2 accessible for outdoor living, pedestrian access, landscaping, or recreation and used by residents or tenants
- 3 or the general public. Useable open space may include areas on the ground or on the tops of structures
- 4 (roof, balcony, deck, patio, porch, or terrace) Useable open space does not include street rights-of-way,
- 5 public or private surface easements, accessory buildings, open parking areas, driveways, access ways for
- 6 the dwellings, land area utilized for garbage and refuse disposal or other servicing maintenance, or required
- 7 front or corner side yards. Also, does not include any space with a dimension of less than 10 feet in any
- 8 direction or an area of less than 100 square feet. "Developed Recreational Open Space" including
- 9 recreational structures designed to be consistent with the intent of this definition are included in the
- 10 calculation of the area of required Useable Open Space.
- 11 Developed Recreational Open Space. Land or structures located within Useable Open Space and
- developed and dedicated for recreational activities and social or cultural activities/events, including formal
- or informal playing fields, paved recreational areas, miniparks, tot lots, play areas, and other areas designed
- 14 and developed to accommodate a variety of recreational activities including but not limited to: fishing
- 15 piers, waterfront parks, outdoor theatre/concert areas, gazebos, racquet courts, tennis courts, swimming
- 16 pools, fitness trails, garden plots, playgrounds, an handball courts. The foot print of unpaved trails
- developed onsite within undeveloped open space may be credited toward the calculation of the area of
- 18 required Developed Recreational Open Space.
- 19 **Outlot.** A piece or tract of land that remains within a subdivision but which does not meet the minimum
- 20 requirements of the Ordinance for a lot and is therefore not useable as a building site.
- 21 Outparcel. A tract of land designated on a subdivision plat for future development, or not designated for
- 22 any specific purpose, that has not been evaluated for compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance
- 23 for adequate facilities or zoning requirements and is therefore not useable as a legal building site.
- 24 Outparcels may be the subject of a record plat or resubdivided provided the lot(s) created meet all
- 25 requirements of the Ordinance prior to plat approval.
- Parcel. In the context of subdivision platting per this Ordinance, a parcel is either a tract of land platted for
- a designated purpose other than as a legal building site (e.g. to meet the open space requirements of the
- 28 Ordinance; to provide a well site, to provide a sewerage disposal parcel,) or a tract of land that may meet
- 29 zoning requirements for area, width, depth, etc., but is not intended for development due to environmental
- 30 constraints, density restrictions or other legal encumbrances.
- 31 Parcel of Land. A contiguous legally-created lot, parcel, outlot, outparcel or residue owned and recorded
- 32 as the property of the same persons, or controlled by a single entity.
- Parcel of Record. An individual parcel of land outside the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area (CBCA)
- recorded separately in the land records of St. Mary's County, Maryland as of March 15, 1978, or an
- individual parcel of land within the CBCA recorded separately in the land records of St. Mary's County,
- 36 Maryland as of December 1, 1985. Only County or State road rights-of-way that existed on March 15,
- 37 1978, shall be considered parcels dividers which divide a parcel into two (2) or more parcels of record.
- 38 Planned Development or Planned Unit Development. A parcel of land or contiguous parcels of land of a
- 39 size sufficient to create its own environment, controlled by a single landowner or by a group of landowners
- 40 in common agreement as to control, to be developed as a single entity, the environment of which is
- 41 compatible with adjacent parcels and the intent of the zoning district or districts in which it is located; the
- 42 developer or developers may be granted relief from specific land use regulations and design standards, and
- 43 may be awarded certain premiums in return for assurance of any overall quality of development, including
- 44 any special feature which will be of exceptional benefit to the community as a whole and which would not
- otherwise be required by this Ordinance.
- 46 **Planning Director.** The Director of the St. Mary's County Department of Land Use and Growth
- 47 Management or his designee.
- 48 **Plat.** As used in this Ordinance, plat shall be a map of a tract of land showing boundaries of individual
- 49 properties and streets, easements and rights-of-way prepared in accordance with this Ordinance as an
- instrument for recording of real estate interests with the County Clerk and Recorder.
- Premises. A zoning lot, together with all buildings and structures thereon.

- 1 **Principal Use.** A main or primary use of land, as distinguished from an "accessory use". More than one
- 2 principal use may exist on a tract if done so completely in accordance with this Ordinance.
- 3 **Private Road.** A private access, drive or lane to more than one residence which is contained within the lot
- 4 or parcel and which is not dedicated to the County.
- 5 **Project Approval.** The approval of development, other than development by a State or local government
- 6 agency, in the Critical Area by the appropriate local approval authority. The term includes approval of
- 7 subdivision plats and site plans; inclusion of areas within floating zones; issuance of variances, and
- 8 conditional use permits; and issuance of zoning permits. The term does not include approval of building
- 9 permits.
- 10 **Property Lines.** The lines bounding a zoning lot, as defined herein.
- 11 **Public Right-of-Way.** Any street, avenue, boulevard, highway, sidewalk or alley or similar place which is
- owned or controlled by a governmental entity.
- 13 **Public Sewerage System** Any system for the collection, transportation, and disposal of sewage or
- 14 industrial wastes of a liquid nature, including various devices for the treatment of such sewage and
- 15 industrial wastes as defined by the Comprehensive Water and Sewerage Plan that serves two or more
- 16 individual lots, dwelling units, businesses, commercial or industrial establishments, and is owned or
- 17 operated by an incorporated municipality, St. Mary's County Metropolitan Commission, or an agency of
- 18 St. Mary's County, the State of Maryland, or the Federal Government.
- 19 **Public Water Supply System.** A source of water supply and distribution system that includes treatment
- 20 and storage facilities, serves two (2) or more individually owned lots, dwelling units, businesses,
- 21 commercial or industrial establishment, and is owned and/or operated by an incorporated municipality, St.
- 22 Mary's County Metropolitan Commission, or an agency of St. Mary's County, the State of Maryland, or the
- 23 Federal Government.
- 24 **Public Way.** Any sidewalk, street, alley, highway, or other public thoroughfare.
- 25 **Receiving Parcel.** A lot or parcel of land in a zoning district where permitted, on which development
- 26 rights transferred from a sending parcel are used.
- 27 **Residue.** An obsolete term used on subdivision plats prior to March 1, 1994 to identify land that has not
- been platted as a lot of record. However, given approval for access, water supply, sewage disposal and
- 29 environmental zoning permits, a "residue" may be used as a legal building site. A residue may be the
- 30 subject of a record plat to create additional building lots or be resubdivided provided the lot(s) created meet
- 31 all requirements of the Ordinance prior to plat approval.
- 32 SCD. St. Mary's County Soil Conservation District.
- 33 **SHA.** Maryland State Highway Administration.
- 34 Shared Facilities. A water or sewerage system which serves more than one lot of land or more than one
- 35 user on a single lot of land with water or sewerage systems located on the individual lots or on parcels
- owned in common by the users.
- 37 **Site.** Any tract, lot or parcel of land or combination of tracts, lots or parcels of land which are in one
- 38 ownership, or are contiguous and in diverse ownership where development is to be performed as part of a
- unit, subdivision, or project as shown on an application.
- 40 **Stormwater Management.** For quantitative control, a system of vegetative and structural measures that
- 41 control the increased volume and rate of surface runoff caused by man-made changes to the land; and for
- 42 qualitative control, a system of vegetative, structural, and other measures that reduce or eliminate pollutants
- 43 that might otherwise be carried by surface runoff.
- 44 **Street**. A public or private right-of-way which affords a primary means of vehicular access to abutting
- 45 property, whether designated as a street, avenue, highway, road, boulevard, lane throughway, or however
- otherwise designated, but does not include driveways to buildings.
- 12/18/12 47 **Subdivision, Farmstead.** Subdivisions in which all lots are fifteen (15) acres or larger.

- 12/18/12 1 **Subdivision, Major**. Any subdivision containing eight (8) or more lots.
- ^{12/18/12} 2 **Subdivision, Minor**. The division of a parcel of record or lot which creates one (1) to seven (7) lots.
 - 3 **Subdivision.** Subdivision means the division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into two or more lots, plats,
 - 4 sites, or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of sale or of building
 - 5 development provided that this definition of a subdivision shall not include a bona fide division or partition
 - 6 of agricultural land not for development purposes.
 - 7 **Variance.** A modification only of density, bulk, or area requirements of this Ordinance where such
 - 8 modification will not be contrary to the public interest and where owing to conditions peculiar to the
 - 9 property, and not the results of any action taken by the applicant, a literal enforcement of the Ordinance
 - would result in unnecessary hardship in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or practical difficulty in other
 - 11 areas of the County.
 - 12 Yard. A required open space on a zoning lot within a building or structure may occupy or obstruct the
 - space from its lowest level to the sky, except as otherwise permitted in this Ordinance. A "yard" extends
 - 14 along a lot line, and to a depth or width specified in the yard requirements for the zoning district in which
 - such zoning lot is located. Also, the area between the lot line and the building setback line.
 - 16 <u>Corner side yard</u>. A side yard on the street side of a corner lot.
 - 17 <u>Front Yard</u>. A yard extending along the full length of the front lot line of the zoning lot.
 - 18 Rear Yard. A yard extending along the full length of the rear lot line of the zoning lot.
 - 19 <u>Side Yard.</u> A yard extending along a side lot line measured from the front yard to the rear yard.
 - 20 <u>Side Yard, Corner</u>. A side yard which adjoins a public street
 - 21 <u>Side Yard, Interior</u>. A side yard that is located immediately adjacent to another zoning lot or to an
 - alley separating such yard from another zoning lot.
 - 23 <u>Transitional Yard</u>. That yard which must be provided on a zoning lot in a commercial zoning district
 - which adjoins a zoning lot in a residential zoning district, or that yard which must be provided on a
 - 25 zoning lot in either a residential or commercial zoning district.
 - 26 **Zoning Permit.** A written statement or certificate issued by the Planning Director authorizing buildings,
 - 27 structures, or uses in accordance with the provisions of the Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance.